FINAL TERMS

PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS: The Warrants are not intended, to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to, and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area ("**EEA Retail Investor**"). For these purposes, an EEA Retail Investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended from time to time, "**MiFID**"); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the Insurance Mediation Directive (Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended from time to time)) ("**IMD**"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended from time to time, including by Directive 2010/73/EU, the "**Prospectus Directive**"). Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (the "**PRIIPs Regulation**") for offering or selling the Warrants or otherwise making them available to EEA Retail Investors has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Warrants or otherwise making them available to any EEA Retail Investor may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.



BARCLAYS BANK PLC

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales)

10 Warrants due November 2024 ("Tranche 1")

This document constitutes the final terms of the Warrants (the "**Final Terms**") described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and is prepared in connection with the Global Structured Securities Programme established by Barclays Bank PLC (the "**Issuer**"). This Final Terms is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with the GSSP Base Prospectus 6 dated 14 June 2018 as supplemented on 20 August 2018 and 12 November 2018 (the "**Base Prospectus**"), which constitutes a base prospectus for the purpose of the Prospectus Directive. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Warrants is only available on the basis of the combination of this Final Terms. Words and expressions defined in the Base Prospectus and not defined in this document shall bear the same meanings when used herein.

The Base Prospectus and any supplements thereto are available for viewing at *https://www.home.barclays/prospectuses-and-documentation/structured-securities/prospectuses.html* and during normal business hours at the registered office of the Issuer and the specified office of the Issue and Paying Agent for the time being in London, and copies may be obtained from such office.

BARCLAYS

Final Terms dated 14 November 2018

PART A - CONTRACTUAL TERMS

1.	(a)	Series number:	NX000221819
	(b)	Tranche number:	1
2.	Current	cy:	Pound Sterling ("GBP")
3.	Warran	ts:	
	(a) Number of Warrants:		Initial issuance number of Warrants as at the Issue Date: 10
	(b)	Minimum Tradable Amount:	Not Applicable
4.	Calcula	tion Amount:	GBP 25,000
5.	Issue P	rice:	GBP 25,000 per Warrant
б.	Issue D	ate:	14 November 2018
7.	Exercis	e Settlement Date:	14 November 2024
		g to exercise and settlement: 7 (Settlement on exercise))	
8.	Underly	ying Performance Type:	Worst-of
9.	(a)	Settlement Valuation Type:	Final Autocall Settlement
	(b)	Additional Amount: (General Condition 8 (Determination of the Additional Amount))	Not Applicable
	(c)	Exercise Price:	GBP 2,500
	(d)	Settlement Method:	Cash
	(e)	Settlement Currency:	GBP
	(f)	Settlement Asset:	Not Applicable
	(g)	Settlement Asset Currency:	Not Applicable
	(h)	Entitlement Substitution:	Not Applicable
10.	Settlem	ent Value Barriers and Thresholds:	
	(a)	Barrier:	European
	(b)	Final Barrier Percentage:	60.00 per cent.
	(c)	Strike Price Percentage:	100.00 per cent.
	(d)	Knock-in Barrier Percentage:	60.00 per cent.
	(e)	Final Autocall Settlement Percentage:	139.30 per cent.
11	Additio	nal Amount Barriers and Thresholds:	N/A

11. Additional Amount Barriers and Thresholds: N/A

Provisions relating to early cancellation: (General Condition 6 (*Automatic early cancellation following an Autocall Event*))

12.	Autoca	11:					Applic	able	
	Auto	call Val Date:	uation		call Early ation Date:		tocall B Percenta		Autocall Early Cash Settlement Percentage:
	8 No	vember	2021	15 Nove	ember 2021		100.009	%	119.65%
	7 No	vember	2022	14 Nove	ember 2022		85.00%	6	126.20%
	7 No	vember	2023	14 Nove	ember 2023		75.00%	6	132.75%
13.	Issuer I	Early Ca	ancellatio	on Option	:		Applic	able	
14.	Investo	or Early	Cancella	ation Option	on:		Applic	able	
Provisions	s relating	g to the	Underly	ying Asse	t(s):				
15.	Underl	ying As	sets:						
	(a)	Share	s:				Not Aj	pplicable	
	(b)	Equit	y Indices	:					set out in Table 1 nn entitled 'Equity
		(i)	Exchan	iges:			Each below 'Excha	in the	et out in Table 1 column entitled
		(ii)	Related	l Exchang	ges:		Table		change set out in he column entitled
		(iii)	Bloom	berg Scree	en:		Table		Screen set out in he column entitled
		(iv)	Reuters	s Screen P	Page:		Table		en Page set out in he column entitled ge'
		(v)	Index S	Sponsors:				w in the colu	or set out in Table umn entitled 'Index
		(vii)	Valuati	on Time:				ecified in (D <i>efinitions</i>)	General Condition
Equity Inc	dex:	Initial Price:	Ex	cchange:	Related Exchange:	Blooi Scree	mberg en:	Reuters Screen Page	Index : Sponsor:
FTSE [®] 10	0 Index	7,117	.28	London Stock xchange	All Exchanges		KX dex>	.FTSE	FTSE International Limited
S&P 500 ⁰	® Index	2,813		Multi- xchange Index	All Exchanges		PX dex>	.SPX	Standard and Poors
EURO S' 50 [®] In		3,246		Multi- xchange	All Exchanges		X5E dex>	.STOXX50E	E Stoxx Ltd.

16.	Initial	Price:	The Valuation Price on the Initial Valuation Date, as set out in the table above in the column entitled 'Initial Price'
	(a)	Averaging-in:	Not Applicable
	(b)	Min Lookback-in:	Not Applicable
	(c)	Max Lookback-in:	Not Applicable
	(d)	Initial Valuation Date:	7 November 2018
			Underlying Initial Asset: Valuation Date:
			FTSE [®] 100 7 November Index 2018
			S&P 500 [®] 7 November Index 2018
			EURO STOXX 7 November 50 [®] Index 2018
17.	Final V	Valuation Price:	The Valuation Price on the Final Valuation Date
	(a)	Averaging-out:	Not Applicable
	(b)	Min Lookback-out:	Not Applicable
	(c)	Max Lookback-out:	Not Applicable
	(d)	Final Valuation Date:	7 November 2024
Provision	s relatin	g to disruption events and taxes and expen	ses:
18.	Averag	quences of a Disrupted Day (in respect of an ging Date or Lookback Date): (General ion 12.2 (<i>Averaging Dates and Lookback</i>)	Not Applicable
19.		sruption Event: al Condition 16 (FX Disruption Event))	Not Applicable
20.		Jurisdiction Taxes and Expenses: (General ion 17 (<i>Local Jurisdiction Taxes and</i>	Not Applicable

21. Additional Disruption Events: (General Condition 15 (*Adjustment or early cancellation following an Additional Disruption Event*))

Expenses))

(a) Change in Law: Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (*Definitions*)
(b) Currency Disruption Event: Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (*Definitions*)
(c) Hedging Disruption: Applicable as per General Condition

33.1 (Definitions)

			55.1 (Definitions)
	(d)	Issuer Tax Event:	Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(e)	Extraordinary Market Disruption:	Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(f)	Increased Cost of Hedging:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(g)	Affected Jurisdiction Hedging Disruption:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(h)	Affected Jurisdiction Increased Cost of Hedging:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(i)	Increased Cost of Stock Borrow:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(j)	Loss of Stock Borrow:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(k)	Foreign Ownership Event:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
	(1)	Fund Disruption Event:	Not Applicable as per General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
22.	Early C	Cash Settlement Amount:	Market Value
23.	Unwin	d Costs:	Not Applicable
24.	Settlen	nent Expenses:	Not Applicable
25.	Market Contra	t Disruption of connected Futures cts:	Not Applicable
General P	rovision	IS:	
26.	Form o	of Warrants:	Registered Warrants
			Permanent Global Warrant
			NGN Form: Not Applicable
			Held under the NSS: Not Applicable
			CGN Form: Applicable
27.	Trade	Date:	7 November 2018
28.	871(m)) Securities:	The Issuer has determined that the Warrants (without regard to any other transactions) should not be subject to US withholding tax under Section 871(m) of the US Internal Revenue Code and regulations promulgated thereunder.
29.	Prohib	ition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors:	Applicable – see the cover page of these Final Terms

30.	Early Ca	ancellation Notice Period Number:	As specified in General Condition 33.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)
31.	Addition	nal Business Centre(s):	Not Applicable
32.	Busines	s Day Convention:	Following
33.	Determi	nation Agent:	Barclays Bank PLC
34.	Registra	ır:	The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch
35.	Transfe	r Agent:	The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch
36.	(a)	Name of Manager:	Barclays Bank PLC
	(b)	Date of underwriting agreement:	Not Applicable
	(c)	Names and addresses of secondary trading intermediaries and main terms of commitment:	Not Applicable

37. Relevant Benchmarks:

FTSE[®] 100 Index is provided by FTSE International Limited. As at the date hereof, FTSE International Limited appears in the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation

S&P 500[®] Index is provided by Standard and Poors. As at the date hereof, Standard and Poors does not appear in the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation

Eurostoxx 50[®] Index is provided by Stoxx Ltd. As at the date hereof, Stoxx Ltd does not appear in the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

(1) **LISTING AND ADMISSION TO** Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Warrants to be listed on the official list and admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange plc trading as Euronext Dublin on or around the Issue Date.

Estimate of total expenses related to EUR 1,000 admission to trading:

(2) **RATINGS**

Ratings:

The Warrants have not been individually rated.

(3) INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

Save for any fees payable to the Manager, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Warrants has an interest material to the issue.

(4) **REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES**

- (a) Reasons for the offer: General funding
- (b) Estimated net proceeds: Not Applicable
- (c) Estimated total expenses: Not Applicable

(5) PERFORMANCE OF UNDERLYING ASSET AND/OR SETTLEMENT ASSET AND OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE UNDERLYING ASSET AND/OR SETTLEMENT ASSET

Reuters Screen Page: ".FTSE" in respect of the FTSE[®] 100 Index, ".SPX" in respect of the S&P 500[®] Index and ".STOXX50E" in respect of the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index.

Index Disclaimers: FTSE[®] 100 Index, S&P 500[®] Index and EURO STOXX 50[®] Index

(6) **OPERATIONAL INFORMATION**

(a)	ISIN:	GB00B983DM67
(b)	Common Code:	160766255
(c)	External Sedol:	B983DM6
(d)	Relevant Clearing System(s):	Clearstream
		Euroclear
(e)	Delivery:	Delivery free of payment.
(f)	Name and address of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any):	Not Applicable

SUMMARY

		Section A – Introduction and warnings
A.1	Introduction and warnings	This Summary should be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus. Any decision to invest in Warrants should be based on consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole, including any information incorporated by reference, and read together with the Final Terms. Where a claim relating to the information contained in the Base Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff might, under the national legislation of the relevant Member State of the European Economic Area, have to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated. No civil liability shall attach to any responsible person solely on the basis of this Summary, including any translation thereof, unless it is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base
		Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, key information in order to aid holders when considering whether to invest in the Warrants.
A.2	Consent by the Issuer to the use of prospectus in subsequent resale or final placement of Warrants	Not Applicable: the Issuer does not consent to the use of the Base Prospectus or the Final Terms by any other party for subsequent resale or final placement of the Warrants.
		Section B – Issuer
B.1	Legal and commercial name of the Issuer	The Warrants are issued by Barclays Bank PLC (the "Issuer").
B.2	Domicile and legal form of the Issuer, legislation under which the Issuer operates and country of incorporation of the Issuer	The Issuer is a public limited company registered in England and Wales. The principal laws and legislation under which the Issuer operates are the laws of England and Wales including the Companies Act.
B.4b	Known trends affecting the Issuer and industries in which the Issuer operates	The business and earnings of the Issuer and its subsidiary undertakings (together, the " Bank Group " or " Barclays ") can be affected by the fiscal or other policies and other actions of various governmental and regulatory authorities in the UK, EU, US and elsewhere, which are all subject to change, as a result, regulatory risk will remain a focus. A more intensive regulatory approach and enhanced requirements together with the uncertainty (particularly in light of the UK's decision to withdraw from the EU) and potential lack of international regulatory coordination as enhanced supervisory standards are developed and implemented may adversely affect the Bank Group's business, capital and risk management strategies and/or may result in the Bank Group deciding to modify its legal entity structure, capital and funding structures and business mix, or to exit certain business activities

B.10	Nature of any qualifications in	Not Applicable: the audit report on the historical financial information
B.9	Profit forecast or estimate	Not Applicable: the Issuer has chosen not to include a profit forecast or estimate.
В.5	Description of the group and the Issuer's position within the group	The Bank Group is a major global financial services provider. The Issuer is a wholly owned direct subsidiary of Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Bank Group.
		 Other regulations applicable to swap dealers, including those promulgated by the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission, have imposed significant costs on the Bank Group's derivatives business. These and any future requirements are expected to continue to impact such business.
		• The EU Benchmarks Regulation which also came into force in January 2018 regulates the administration and use of benchmarks in the EU. Compliance with this evolving regulatory framework entails significant costs for market participants and is having a significant
		• The recast Markets in Financial Instruments Directive in Europe, which came into force in January 2018, has fundamentally changed the European regulatory framework, and entails significant operational changes for market participants in a wide range of financial instruments as well as changes in market structures and practices.
		• The derivatives market has been the subject of particular focus for regulators in recent years across the G20 countries and beyond, with regulations introduced which require the reporting and clearing of standardised over the counter ("OTC") derivatives and the mandatory margining of non-cleared OTC derivatives. Reforms in this area are ongoing with further requirements expected to be implemented in the course of 2018.
		• Changes in prudential requirements, including the proposals for amendment of the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD IV) and the EU Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) which may impact minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL), leverage, liquidity or funding requirements, applicable buffers and/or add-ons to such minimum requirements and risk weighted assets calculation methodologies all as may be set by international, EU or national authorities from time to time.
		There are several other significant pieces of legislation which will require significant management attention, cost and resource which include:
		The most significant of the regulatory reforms affecting the Bank Group in 2018 is the creation of the ring-fenced bank under the structural reform programme carried out by the ultimate holding company of the Bank Group (Barclays PLC, together with its subsidiaries, the " Group ").
		altogether or not to expand in areas despite otherwise attractive potential.

	audit report on historical financial information	contains no such qualifications.
B.12	Selected key financial information; no material adverse change and no significant change statements	Based on the Bank Group's audited financial information for the year ended 31 December 2017, the Bank Group had total assets of £1,129,343 million (2016: £1,213,955 million), total net loans and advances of £401,762 million (2016: £436,417 million), total deposits of £467,332 million (2016: £472,917 million), and total equity of £65,734 million (2016: £3,522 million) (including non-controlling interests of £1 million (2016: £3,522 million)). The profit before tax of the Bank Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 was £3,166 million (2016: £4,383 million) after credit impairment charges and other provisions of £2,336 million (2016: £2,373 million). The financial information in this paragraph is extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the year ended 31 December 2017. Based on the Bank Group's unaudited financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Bank Group had total assets of £903,345 million (30 June 2017: £1,136,867 million), total net loans and advances of £226,369
		million (30 June 2017: £427,980 million), total het founs and davances of £220,505 million (30 June 2017: £427,980 million), total deposits of £279,438 million (30 June 2017: £488,162 million), and total shareholders' equity of £48,192 million (30 June 2017: £66,167 million) (including non-controlling interests of £2 million (30 June 2017: £84 million). The profit before tax from continuing operations of the Bank Group for the six months ended 30 June 2018 was £725 million (30 June 2017: £1,731 million) after credit impairment charges and other provisions of £156 million (30 June 2017: £656 million). The financial information in this paragraph is extracted from the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Issuer for the six months ended 30 June 2018. Not Applicable: there has been no significant change in the financial or
		There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2017.
B.13	Recent events particular to the Issuer which are materially relevant to the evaluation of Issuer's solvency	Not Applicable: there have been no recent events particular to the Issuer which are to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of the Issuer's solvency.
B.14	Dependency of the Issuer on other entities within the group	The whole of the issued ordinary share capital of the Issuer is beneficially owned by Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Bank Group.
	group	The financial position of the Issuer is dependent on the financial position of its subsidiary undertakings.
B.15	Description of the Issuer's principal activities	The Bank Group is a global consumer and wholesale bank offering products and services across personal, corporate and investment banking and wealth management, with a strong presence in the UK and the US.
B.16	Description of whether the Issuer is directly or	The whole of the issued ordinary share capital of the Issuer is beneficially owned by Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Issuer

	indirectly owned or controlled and by whom and nature of such control	and its subsidiary undertakings.
		Section C – Securities
C.1	Type and class of Warrants being offered and/or admitted to trading	The warrants described in this Summary (the " Warrants ") are derivative warrants. Identification: Series number: NX000221819; Tranche number: 1 Identification Codes: ISIN: GB00B983DM67; Common Code: 160766255; External Sedol: B983DM6
C.2	Currency	Subject to compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and directives, Warrants may be issued in any currency. The Warrants will be denominated in Pound Sterling (" GBP ").
C.5	Description of restrictions on free transferability of the Warrants	The Warrants and, as applicable, the entitlements may not be offered, sold or transferred directly or indirectly to, or for the account or benefit of, any US person for a period of 40 days from the relevant issue date. No offers, sales, resales or deliveries of any Warrants may be made in or from any jurisdiction and/or to any individual or entity except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations and which will not impose any obligation on the Issuer and/or the Managers (the " Manager "). Subject to the above, the Warrants will be freely transferable.
C.8	Description of rights attached to the Warrants, and limitations to those rights; ranking of the Warrants	RIGHTS The Warrants will be issued on 14 November 2018 (the "Issue Date") at GBP25,000 (the "Issue Price") and will give each holder of Warrants the right to receive a potential return on the Warrants (see C.15 below), together with certain ancillary rights such as the right to receive notice of certain determinations and events and the right to vote on future amendments to the terms and conditions of the Warrants. Taxation: All payments in respect of the Warrants shall be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any UK taxes unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. Events of default: If the Issuer fails to make any payment or delivery due under the Warrants (and such failure is not remedied within 30 days), the Warrants will become immediately due and payable, upon notice being given by the investor. RANKING Warrants are direct, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank equally among themselves. LIMITATIONS ON RIGHTS
		Notwithstanding that the Warrants are linked to the performance of the

		underlying asset(s), holders do not have any rights in respect of the underlying assets(s). The terms and conditions of the Warrants contain provisions for
		assets(s). The terms and conditions of the warrants contain provisions for calling meetings of holders to consider matters affecting their interests generally and these provisions permit defined majorities to bind all holders, including holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority. Further, in certain circumstances, the Issuer may amend the terms and conditions of the Warrants, without the holders' consent. The terms and conditions of the Warrants permit the Issuer and the Determination Agent (as the case may be), on the occurrence of certain events and in certain circumstances, without the holders' consent, to make adjustments to the terms and conditions of the Warrants, to cancel the Warrants prior to scheduled final cancellation, (where applicable) to postpone valuation of the underlying asset(s) or scheduled payments under the Warrants, to change the currency in which payments are made under the Warrants, to substitute the Issuer with another permitted entity subject to certain conditions, and to take certain other actions with regard to the Warrants and the underlying asset(s) (if any).
C.11	Admission to trading	Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Warrants to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange plc trading as Euronext Dublin on or around the Issue Date.
C.15	Description of how the value of the investment is	The return on, and value of, Warrants will be linked to the performance of one or more specified equity indices, shares, depository receipts and/or exchange-traded funds (each, an " Underlying Asset ").
	affected by the value of the underlying instrument	The Underlying Assets for this issue of Warrants are: The $FTSE^{\$}$ 100 Index, the S&P 500 [®] Index and the EURO STOXX 50 [®] Index.
		Calculations in respect of amounts payable under the Warrants are made by reference to a " Calculation Amount ", being GBP 25,000.
		Determination Agent: Barclays Bank PLC (the " Determination Agent ") will be appointed to make calculations and determinations with respect to the Warrants.
		Exercise: If the Warrants have not been cancelled early and if the settlement value of the Warrants (the " Settlement Value ") is greater than the exercise price (the " Exercise Price "), the Warrants will be automatically exercised by the Issuer on the Exercise Date (being 7 November 2024). If the Settlement Value is not greater than the Exercise Price, the Warrants will be cancelled without exercise on the Exercise Date and no amount or entitlement will be payable or deliverable to investors.
		The Exercise Price for this issue of Warrants is GBP 2,500.
		The Settlement Value impacts the amount which is payable or the entitlement which is deliverable upon exercise. The Settlement Value will be calculated as the Exercise Price plus an amount dependent on the price or level of the Underlying Assets on one or more specified dates during the life of the Warrants. In particular, the Settlement Value will depend on the following:
		• the Exercise Price, being GBP 2,500;
		• 'the 'Initial Price' of the Worst Performing Underlying Asset, which reflects the price or level of that Underlying Asset on the Initial Valuation Date of the Warrants (being 7 November 2018) and is used

as the reference point investment;	for determining the performance	e of any		
• the 'Final Valuation Price' of the Worst Performing Under Asset, which reflects the price or level of that Underlying Asset near the Exercise Date;				
• the 'Strike Price' of the Worst Performing Underlying Asset, calculated as 100% multiplied by the Initial Price of that Un- Asset;				
• the 'Strike Price Percenta	age' which is 100%;			
• the 'Final Barrier' of the Worst Performing Underlying Asset, is calculated as 60% multiplied by the Initial Price of that Under Asset;				
	Price' of the Worst Performing U ed as 60% multiplied by the Initia			
Initial Price: The Initial Price of level of such Underlying Asset or	each Underlying Asset is the closir 17 November 2018.	ng price or		
Underlying Asset	Initial Price			
FTSE [®] 100 Index	7.117.28			
S&P 500 [®] Index	2.813.89			
EURO STOXX 50 [®] Index	3.246.16			
 Final Valuation Price: The Final Valuation Price of each Underlying Asset the closing price or level of such Underlying Asset on 7 November 2024. Worst Performing Underlying Asset: The Final Barrier, Knock-in Ba Price, Initial Price, Strike Price, and Final Valuation Price to be considered the purposes of determining the Settlement Value will be, as applicable Final Barrier, the Knock-in Barrier Price, Initial Price, Strike Price or I Valuation Price of the Worst Performing Underlying Asset. 				
The Worst Performing Underlying Asset is the Underlying Asset with the lowest performance. The 'performance' of each Underlying Asset is calculated by dividing the Final Valuation Price of an Underlying Asset by its Initial Price.				
Calculation of the Settlement V	alue			
There are several threshold levels which will affect the calculation of the Settlement Value. In particular, the Settlement Value will be calculated differently depending on whether or not the price or level of the Underlying Assets on certain dates is equal to, above or below certain specified threshold levels. In other words, the Settlement Value will be calculated differently				

depending on whether or not the performance of the Underlying Assets satisfies certain 'threshold tests'.
The first threshold test for this issue of Warrants is whether:
The Final Valuation Price of the Worst Performing Underlying Asset is greater than or equal to the Final Barrier.
<i>If the first threshold test is satisfied</i> , the Settlement Value will be calculated as follows:
Settlement Value = (i) the Exercise Price (being GBP 2,500), plus (ii) the Final Autocall Settlement Percentage (being 139.30%) multiplied by the Calculation Amount (being GBP 25,000).
If the first threshold test is not satisfied, a second threshold test will be considered:
The second threshold test for this issue of Warrants is whether:
The Final Valuation Price is greater than or equal to the Knock-in Barrier Price.
<i>If the second threshold test is satisfied</i> , the Settlement Value will be calculated as follows:
Settlement Value = (i) the Exercise Price (being GBP 2,500), plus (ii) 100% multiplied by the Calculation Amount (being GBP 25,000).
<i>If the second threshold test is <u>not</u> satisfied</i> , the Settlement Value will instead be calculated as follows:
Settlement Value = (i) the Exercise Price (being GBP 2,500), plus (ii) the Final Valuation Price divided by the Strike Price and then multiplied by the Calculation Amount (being GBP 25,000).
Settlement
Following exercise of the Warrants and provided that all conditions to settlement have been fulfilled by investors (including payment of any Exercise Price), investors will receive, per Calculation Amount:
a cash amount per Calculation Amount equal to the Settlement Value payable on 14 November 2024.
Early cancellation following an autocall event:
If the closing price or level of every Underlying Asset is greater than or equal to its corresponding Autocall Barrier on any Autocall Valuation Date, the Warrants will be automatically cancelled prior to the Exercise Date and each investor will receive (per Calculation Amount):
a cash amount equal to the Autocall Early Cash Settlement Percentage as specified in the table below multiplied by the Calculation Amount (being GBP 25,000), payable on the relevant Autocall Early Cancellation Date.
The 'Autocall Barrier' of the Underlying Asset is calculated as the Autocall Barrier Percentage specified in the table below multiplied by the Initial Price of such Underlying Asset.
Each Autocall Valuation Date and the corresponding Autocall Early Cancellation Date, Autocall Barrier Percentage and Autocall Early Cash

		Settlement Percentage is specified in the table below:			
		Autocall Valuation Date	Autocall Early Cancellation Date	Autocall Barrier Percentage	Autocall Early Cash Settlement Percentage
		8 November 2021	15 November 2021	100.00%	119.65%
		7 November 2022	14 November 2022	85.00%	126.20%
		7 November 2023	14 November 2023	75.00%	132.75%
		Optional early c	ancellation:		
		Warrants (in who		usiness day follo	ect to cancel all of the wing the Issue Date by the Issue Date.
		Following the exercise of this option, the Warrants will be cancelled and investors will receive a cash payment per Calculation Amount equal to the issue price of the Warrants (being GBP 25,000).			
		Warrant (in whol		usiness day follow	may elect to cancel a wing the Issue Date by g the Issue Date.
		investors will rec		nt per Calculation	will be cancelled and Amount equal to the
C.16	Expiration or maturity date of the Warrants	"Exercise Date")		to postponement i	the exercise date (the in circumstances where is a disrupted day.
			e of this issue of Wa 7 November 2024.	arrants is the fina	l valuation date, which
C.17	Settlement procedure of the derivative securities	Warrants will be delivered on the specified Issue Date either against payment of the issue price or free of payment of the issue price of the Warrants. The Warrants may be cleared and settled through Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., or Clearstream Banking <i>société anonyme</i> . The Warrants will initially be issued in global registered form.			
		The Warrants wi issue price of the		ne "Issue Date" f	free of payment of the
			Il be cleared and sett ting société anonyme	-	clear Bank S.A./N.V. /
C.18	Description of how the return on derivative Warrants		d return (if any) o e Underlying Assets		will be linked to the
		The performance	e of the Underlying	g Assets will at	ffect: (i) whether the

<u> </u>	takas placa	Warrante are automatically cancelled early and the amount paid on early
	takes place	Warrants are automatically cancelled early and the amount paid on early cancellation; and (ii) if the Warrants are not cancelled early, the amount paid or delivered on exercise.
		Exercise: Following exercise of the Warrants, investors will receive, per Calculation Amount: payment of a cash amount equal to the Settlement Value payable on the day falling 5 business days after the Exercise Date.
		Automatic Early Cancellation: Following any automatic early cancellation due to an autocall event, the Warrants will be settled by: payment of a cash amount on the relevant Autocall Early Cancellation Date.
		Issuer Early Cancellation Option: If the Issuer exercises its right to cancel the Warrants on the business day following the Issue Date, settlement will be made by cash payment per Calculation Amount equal to the issue price of the Warrants (being GBP 25,000) on a specified payment date.
		Investor Early Cancellation Option: If an investor exercises its right to cancel any Warrants on the business day following the Issue Date, settlement will be made by cash payment per Calculation Amount equal to the issue price of the Warrants (being GBP 25,000) on a specified payment date.
C.19	Final reference price of the underlying	The final valuation price of each Underlying Asset is the closing price or level of such Underlying Asset on 7 November 2024.
C.20	Type of underlying	The Underlying Assets are:
		The $FTSE^{\$}$ 100 Index, the S&P 500 ^{$\\$} Index and EURO STOXX 50 ^{$\\$} Index.
		Information about the Underlying Assets is available at: ".FTSE" in respect of the FTSE [®] 100 Index, ".SPX" in respect of the S&P $500^{\text{®}}$ Index and ".SX5E" in respect of the EURO STOXX $50^{\text{®}}$ Index.
I		Section D – Risks
D.2	Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Issuer	The risks described below are material risks that senior management has identified with respect to the Group. In connection with the planned implementation in the first half of 2018 of ring-fencing certain of the Group's UK businesses, the Issuer will transfer what are materially the assets and business of the Barclays UK division to another subsidiary of the Group, Barclays Bank UK PLC (the " UK Ring-fenced Bank "). Senior management expects that upon this transfer the material risks with respect to the Bank Group will be the same in all material respects as those risks with respect to the Group (save in relation to certain potential differences in risks as described in 'Certain potential consequences of ring-fencing to the Issuer' below).
		The Issuer classifies eight risks as " Principal Risks ": (1) Credit Risk; (2) Market Risk; (3) Treasury and Capital Risk; (4) Operational Risk; (5) Model Risk; (6) Conduct Risk; (7) Reputation Risk; and (8) Legal Risk (each a " Principal Risk "). Material risks to the Group and their impact are described below in the sections (i) material existing and emerging risks potentially impacting more than one Principal Risk and (ii) material existing and emerging risks impacting individual Principal Risks.
I		

than one Principal Risk
Business conditions, general economy and geopolitical issues
The Group offers a broad range of services, including to retail, institutional and government customers, in a large number of countries. The breadth of these operations means that deterioration in the economic environment, or an increase in political instability in countries where the Group is active, or in any systemically important economy, could adversely affect the Group's operating performance, financial condition and prospects.
Interest rate rises adversely impacting credit conditions
To the extent that central banks increase interest rates particularly in the Group's main markets, in the UK and the US, there could be an impact on consumer debt affordability and corporate profitability. While interest rate rises could positively impact the Group's profitability, as retail and corporate business income may increase due to margin de-compression, future interest rate increases, if larger or more frequent than expectations, could cause stress in the loan portfolio and underwriting activity of the Group. Higher credit losses driving an increased impairment allowance would most notably impact retail unsecured portfolios and wholesale non- investment grade lending.
Interest rates rising faster than expected could also have an adverse impact on the value of high quality liquid assets which are part of the Group Treasury function's investment activity that could consequently create more volatility through the Group's available for sale reserves than expected.
Process of UK withdrawal from the European Union
The uncertainty and increased market volatility following the UK's decision to leave the EU in 2019 is likely to continue until the exact nature of the future trading relationship with the EU becomes clear. The potential risks associated with an exit from the EU include:
• Increased market risk with the impact on the value of trading book positions;
• Potential for credit spread widening for UK institutions which could lead to reduced investor appetite for the Group's debt securities, which could negatively impact the cost of and/or access to funding;
• Changes in the long-term outlook for UK interest rates which may adversely affect International Accounting Standards 19 pension liabilities and the market value of equity investments funding those liabilities;
 Increased risk of a UK recession with lower growth, higher unemployment and falling UK house prices. This would negatively impact a number of the Group's portfolios; Changes to current EU "Passporting" rights which will likely require adjustments to the current model for the Group's cross-border banking operation which could increase operational complexity and/or costs;
• The ability to attract, or prevent the departure of, qualified and

skilled employees may be impacted by the UK's future approach to the EU freedom of movement and immigration from the EU
countries; and
• The legal framework within which the Group operates could change and become more uncertain as the UK takes steps to replace or repeal certain laws currently in force, which are based on EU legislation and regulation.
Regulatory change agenda and impact on business model
The Group remains subject to ongoing significant levels of regulatory change and scrutiny in many of the countries in which it operates (including, in particular, the UK and the US). A more intensive regulatory approach and enhanced requirements together with the uncertainty (particularly in light of the UK's decision to withdraw from the EU) and potential lack of international regulatory coordination as enhanced supervisory standards are developed and implemented may adversely affect the Group's business, capital and risk management strategies and/or may result in the Group deciding to modify its legal entity structure, capital and funding structures and business mix, or to exit certain business activities altogether or not to expand in areas despite otherwise attractive potential.
Certain potential consequences of ring-fencing to the Issuer
In connection with the planned implementation in the first half of 2018 of ring-fencing certain of the Group's businesses, the Issuer will transfer what are materially the assets and business of the Barclays UK division to another subsidiary of the Group, the UK Ring-fenced Bank. Senior management expects that upon this transfer, the material risks with respect to the Bank Group will be the same in all material respects as those risks with respect to the Group. However, senior management has identified certain potential differences in risks with respect to the Bank Group as compared to risks to the Group:
• The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the Barclays UK division from the Issuer will mean that the Bank Group will be less diversified than the Group as a whole;
• The Issuer will not be the parent of the UK Ring-fenced Bank and thus will not have recourse to the assets of the UK Ring-fenced Bank; and
• Relative to the Group, the Bank Group will be, among other things, more focused on businesses outside the UK, particularly in the US; exposed to the US economy and more affected by movements in the US Dollar (and other non-Sterling currencies) relative to Sterling, with a relatively larger portion of its business exposed to US regulation; more focused on wholesale businesses, such as corporate and investment banking and capital markets; more dependent on wholesale funding sources; and potentially subject to different regulatory obligations.
Accordingly, the implementation of ring-fencing may adversely affect the

market value and/or liquidity of the Warrants.
(ii) Material existing and emerging risks impacting individual Principal Risks
Credit risk : The risk of loss to the Group from the failure of clients, customers or counterparties, including sovereigns, to fully honour their obligations to the Group, including the whole and timely payment of principal, interest, collateral and other receivables. The Group may suffer financial loss if any of its customers, clients or counterparties fails to fulfil their contractual obligations to the Group.
Market risk : The risk of a loss arising from potential adverse changes in the value of the Group's assets and liabilities from fluctuation in market variables including, but not limited to, interest rates, foreign exchange, equity prices, commodity prices, credit spreads, implied volatilities and asset correlations. The Group's trading business is generally exposed to a prolonged period of elevated asset price volatility, particularly if it negatively affects the depth of marketplace liquidity.
Treasury and capital risk : The risk that the Group (i) is unable to meet its contractual or contingent obligations or that it does not have the appropriate amount, tenor and composition of funding and liquidity to support its assets, (ii) has an insufficient level or composition of capital to support its normal business activities and to meet its regulatory capital requirements, or (iii) is exposed to capital or income volatility because of a mismatch between the interest rate exposures of its assets and liabilities. The Group may not be able to achieve its business plans due to, among other things: a) being unable to maintain appropriate capital ratios; b) being unable to meet its obligations as they fall due; c) rating agency downgrades; d) adverse changes in foreign exchange rates on capital ratios; e) adverse movements in the pension fund; and f) non-traded market risk/interest rate risk in the banking book.
Operational risk : The Group is exposed to many types of operational risk. These include: (i) the risk of failing to adequately manage the threat of cyber attacks and to continually evolve enterprise security and provide an active cyber security response capability could result in increased fraud losses, inability to perform critical economic functions, customer detriment, potential regulatory censure and penalty, legal liability, reduction in shareholder value and reputational damage; (ii) the risk of loss of or disruption to the Group's business processing, whether arising through impacts on technology systems, real estate services, personnel availability or the support of major suppliers, and which may result in significant customer detriment, cost to reimburse losses incurred by the Group's customers, potential regulatory censure or penalty, and reputational damage; (iii) to the extent that the Group depends on suppliers for the provision of many of its services and the development of future technology driven product propositions, there is a risk that client information or critical infrastructures is not adequately protected, the potential for a negative impact on the Group's ability to continue to provide services that are material to the Group following a failure by any such supplier and the potential for increased losses, inability to perform critical economic functions, customer detriment, potential regulatory censure and penalty, legal liability and reputational damages upon a failure to adequately manage outsourcing risk; (iv) the risk of material errors in operational processes, including payments, which could disadvantage the Group's customers, clients or

liability, reputational damage and financial loss by the Group; (v) the risk of a failure to closely monitor risk exposure to new and emergent technology, which could lead to customer detriment, loss of business, regulatory censure, missed business opportunity and reputational damage; (vi) the risk of fraudulent and other internal and external criminal activities, which could result in high profile material losses together with regulatory censure, penalties and significant reputational damage; (vii) the risk of the inability to hire and retain appropriately qualified employees, which could negatively impact the Group's financial performance, control environment and level of employee engagement as well as the disenfranchisement of certain customer groups, customer detriment and reputational damage; (viii) the risk that the Group failing to comply with tax laws and practices or managing its tax affairs in an appropriate manner, which could lead to losses due to additional tax charges, other financial costs or reputational damage; (ix) the risk that of incorrect judgements being exercised, or incorrect estimates or assumptions being used, in relation to International Financial Reporting Standards, which could result in significant loss to the Group, beyond what was anticipated or provided for; and (x) the risk of failing to accurately collect and maintain the large volumes of data (including personally identifiable information, intellectual property, and financial data) that the Group holds and to protect it from breaches of confidentiality and interference with its availability, which
 Model risk: The risk of the potential adverse consequences from financial assessments or decisions based on incorrect or misused model outputs and reports. Models are, by their nature, imperfect and incomplete representations of reality because they rely on assumptions and inputs, and so they may be subject to errors affecting the accuracy of their outputs. Models may also be misused. Model errors or misuse may result in the Group making inappropriate business decisions and being subject to financial loss, regulatory risk, reputational risk and/or inadequate capital reporting.
Conduct risk : The risk of detriment to customers, clients, market integrity, competition or the Group from the inappropriate supply of financial services, including instances of wilful or negligent misconduct. Ineffective product governance, could lead to poor customer outcomes, as well as regulatory sanctions, financial loss and reputational damage. The Group may be adversely affected if it fails to effectively mitigate the risk that its employees or third parties facilitate, or that its products and services are used to facilitate financial crime (money laundering, terrorist financing, bribery and corruption and sanctions evasion). Failure to protect personal data can lead to potential detriment to the Group's customers and clients, reputational damage, regulatory sanctions and financial loss, which under the new EU Data Protection Regulation may be substantial. Failure to meet the requirements and expectations of the UK Senior Managers Regime, Certification Regime and Conduct Rules may lead to regulatory sanctions, both for the individuals and the Group.
Reputation risk : The risk that an action, transaction, investment or event will reduce trust in the Group's integrity and competence by clients, counterparties, investors, regulators, employees or the public.
Legal risk and legal, competition and regulatory matters: The risk of loss or imposition of penalties, damages or fines from the failure of the Group to meet its legal obligations including regulatory or contractual requirements.

		Legal disputes, regulatory investigations, fines and other sanctions relating to conduct of business and breaches of legislation and/or regulations may negatively affect the Group's results, reputation and ability to conduct its business. Legal outcomes can arise as a consequence of legal risk or because of past and future actions, behaviours and business decisions as a result of other Principal Risks.
D.6	Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Warrants and risk warning that investors may lose some or all of the value of their investment	You may lose up to the entire value of your investment if the Issuer fails or is otherwise unable to meet its payment or delivery obligations. The terms of the Warrants do not provide for scheduled minimum payment of the face value or issue price of the Warrants on exercise or following any early cancellation: depending on the performance of the Underlying Asset(s), you may lose some or all of your investment. The payment of any amount or delivery of any property due under the Warrants is dependent upon the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations when they fall due. The Warrants are unsecured obligations. They are not deposits and they are not protected under the UK's Financial Services Compensation Scheme or any other deposit protection insurance scheme. Therefore, if the Issuer fails or is otherwise unable to meet its payment or delivery obligations under the Warrants, you will lose some or all of your investment.
		 You may also lose the value of your investment if: the Underlying Asset(s) perform in such a manner that the settlement amount or entitlement payable or deliverable to you (whether at exercise or following any early cancellation, and including after deduction of any applicable taxes and expenses) is less than the initial purchase price and could be as low as zero; you sell your Warrants prior to scheduled exercise in the secondary market (if any) at an amount that is less than the initial purchase price;
		 the Warrants are cancelled early following the occurrence of an extraordinary event in relation to the Underlying Asset, the Issuer, the Issuer's hedging arrangement, the relevant currencies or taxation (such as following an additional disruption event) and the amount you receive on such early cancellation is less than the initial purchase price; and/or the terms and conditions of the Warrants are adjusted (in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Warrants) with the result that the settlement amount payable to you and/or the value of the Warrants is reduced.
		Return linked to performance of one or more Underlying Assets: The return on the Warrants is linked to the change in value of the Underlying Asset(s) over the life of the Warrants. Any information about the past performance of the Underlying Asset(s) should not be taken as an indication of how prices will change in the future. You will not have any rights of ownership, including, without limitation, any voting rights or rights to receive dividends, in respect of the Underlying Asset(s).

		Conditions to settlement: Payment of any settlement amount or delivery of any settlement entitlement is subject to satisfaction of all conditions to settlement by you, including payment of any Exercise Price and/or taxes due with respect to the Warrants. If you fail to comply with these conditions, the obligations of the Issuer to you may be discharged without any payment or delivery being made.
		Reinvestment risk/loss of yield: Following an early cancellation of the Warrants for any reason, holders may be unable to reinvest the cancellation proceeds at a rate of return as high as the return on the Warrants being cancelled.
		US withholding on dividend equivalent amounts: Certain actual or deemed payments on the securities held by non-US investors generally may be subject to a US withholding tax of 30 per cent. No additional amounts will be payable in respect of such withholding taxes.
		Equity Index risks: Warrants linked to the performance of equity indices provide investment diversification opportunities, but will be subject to the risk of fluctuations in both equity prices and the value and volatility of the relevant equity index. Warrants linked to equity indices may not participate in dividends or any other distributions paid on the shares which make up such indices, accordingly, you may receive a lower return on the Warrants than you would have received if you had invested directly in those shares.
		The index sponsor can add, delete or substitute the components of an equity index at its discretion, and may also alter the methodology used to calculate the level of such index. These events may have a detrimental impact on the level of that index, which in turn could have a negative impact on the value of and return on the Warrants.
		Capped return: As the amount payable or deliverable on exercise is subject to a cap, the value of or return on your Warrants may be significantly less than if you had purchased the Underlying Asset(s) directly.
		Worst-of: You are exposed to the performance of every Underlying Asset. Irrespective of how the other Underlying Assets perform, if any one or more Underlying Assets fail to meet a relevant threshold or barrier for the calculation of any settlement amount, you could lose some or all of your initial investment.
		Volatile market prices: The market value of the Warrants is unpredictable and may be highly volatile, as it can be affected by many unpredictable factors, including: market interest and yield rates; fluctuations in currency exchange rates; exchange controls; the time remaining until the Warrants are scheduled to exercise; economic, financial, regulatory, political, terrorist, military or other events in one or more jurisdictions; changes in laws or regulations; and the Issuer's creditworthiness or perceived creditworthiness.
Section E – Offer		
E.2b	Reasons for offer and use of proceeds when different from making profit and/or hedging	The net proceeds from each issue of Warrants will be applied by the Issuer for its general corporate purposes, which include making a profit and/or hedging certain risks. If the Issuer elects at the time of issuance of Warrants to make different or more specific use of proceeds, such use will be described in the Final Terms and summarised below.
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	certain risks	Not Applicable: the net proceeds will be applied by the Issuer for making profit and/or hedging certain risks.
E.3	Description of the terms and conditions of the offer	The Warrants will be offered to the dealer at the Issue Price and will not be offered to the public.
E.4	Description of any interest material to the issue/offer, including conflicting interests	The Manager and its affiliates may be engaged, and may in the future engage, in hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Assets.
E.7	Estimated expenses charged to investor by the Issuer	The Issuer will not charge any expenses to holders in connection with any issue of Warrants. Not Applicable: no expenses will be charged to the holder by the Issuer or the offeror.