PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS: The Securities are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area ("**EEA Retail Investor**"). For these purposes, an EEA Retail Investor means a person in the European Economic Area who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended from time to time, "**MiFID**"); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the Insurance Mediation Directive (Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended from time to time)) ("**IMD**"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended from time to time, including by Directive 2010/73/EU, the "**Prospectus Directive**"). Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (the "**PRIIPs Regulation**") for offering or selling the Securities or otherwise making them available to EEA Retail Investors has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Securities or otherwise making them available to any EEA Retail Investor may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

FINAL TERMS



BARCLAYS BANK PLC

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales)

USD 4,000,000 Equity Index Linked Securities due December 2024 pursuant to the Global Structured Securities Programme

Issue Price: 100 per cent.

This document constitutes the final terms of the Securities (the "Final Terms") described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and is prepared in connection with the Global Structured Securities Programme established by Barclays Bank PLC (the "Issuer"). These Final Terms are supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with the GSSP Base Prospectus 2 dated 19 November 2018, which constitutes a base prospectus (the "Base Prospectus") for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Securities is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus. A summary of the individual issue of the Securities is annexed to these Final Terms.

The Base Prospectus, and any supplements thereto, are available for viewing at https://www.home.barclays/prospectuses-and-documentation/structured-securities/prospectuses.html and during normal business hours at the registered office of the Issuer and the specified office of the Issue and Paying Agent for the time being in London, and copies may be obtained from such office. Words and expressions defined in the Base Prospectus and not defined in the Final Terms shall bear the same meanings when used herein.

BARCLAYS

Final Terms dated 18 December 2018

PART A - CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Series number: NX000222751 1. (a) (b) Tranche number: 1 2. Settlement Currency: United States dollars ("USD") 3. Securities: Notes 4. Notes: Applicable (a) Aggregate Nominal Amount as at the Issue Date: (i) Tranche: USD 4,000,000 Series: (ii) USD 4,000,000 (b) Specified Denomination: USD 1.00 Minimum Tradable Amount: Not Applicable (c) 5. Certificates: Not Applicable 6. Calculation Amount: Specified Denomination Issue Price: 7. 100 per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount Issue Date: 18 December 2018 8. 9. Scheduled Redemption Date: 18 December 2024 10. Underlying Performance Type: Single Asset Provisions relating to interest (if any) payable Interest Type: Snowball 11. 12. Not Applicable (a) Fixed Interest Type: (b) Fixed Interest Rate: 9.10 per cent. (c) CMS Rate Determination: Not Applicable (d) Floating Rate Determination: Not Applicable Bank of England Base Rate Not Applicable (e) Determination: (f) Margin: Not Applicable Minimum/Maximum Interest Rate: Not Applicable (g) Fixed Interest Determination Date(s): Not Applicable (h) Not Applicable (i) Floating Interest Determination Date(s): The dates set out in Table 1 below in the column (j) Interest Valuation Date(s): entitled 'Interest Valuation Date'. Interest Payment Date(s): The dates set out in Table 1 below in the column (k) entitled 'Interest Payment Date'. (1) T: The numbers set out in Table 1 below in the column entitled 'T'. Observation Date(s): (m) Not Applicable The percentages set out in Table 1 below in the (n) Interest Barrier Percentage:

column entitled 'Interest Barrier Percentage'.

(o)	Lower Barrier Percentage:	Not Applicable
(p)	Upper Barrier:	Not Applicable
(q)	Upper Barrier Percentage:	Not Applicable
(r)	Knock-out Barrier Percentage:	Not Applicable
(s)	Day Count Fraction:	Not Applicable
(t)	Interest Period End Dates:	Not Applicable
(u)	Interest Commencement Date:	Not Applicable

Table 1

T:	Interest Valuation Date:	Interest Payment Date:	Interest Barrier Percentage:
1	11 December 2019	18 December 2019	100 per cent.
2	11 December 2020	18 December 2020	95 per cent.
3	13 December 2021	20 December 2021	90 per cent.
4	12 December 2022	19 December 2022	85 per cent.
5	11 December 2023	18 December 2023	80 per cent.
6	11 December 2024	18 December 2024	75 per cent.

Provisions relating to Automatic Redemption (Autocall)

110,	totons	ciaing to minomane Reacimption (mino	cuit)
13.		Automatic Redemption (Autocall):	Applicable
14.	(a)	Autocall Barrier Percentage:	The percentages set out in Table 2 below in the column entitled 'Autocall Barrier Percentage'.
	(b)	Autocall Valuation Date(s):	Each date set out in Table 2 below in the column entitled 'Autocall Valuation Date'.
	(c)	Autocall Redemption Date(s):	Each date set out in Table 2 below in the column entitled 'Autocall Redemption Date'.

Table 2

Autocall Valuation Date:	Autocall Redemption Date:	
11 December 2019	18 December 2019	100 per cent.
11 December 2020	18 December 2020	95 per cent.
13 December 2021	20 December 2021	90 per cent.
12 December 2022	19 December 2022	85 per cent.
11 December 2023	18 December 2023	80 per cent.

Provisions relating to Final Redemption

1101	Trovisions remaing to 1 that Reactipation				
15.	(a)	Redemption Type:	European Barrier		
	(b)	Settlement Method:	Cash		
	(c)	Trigger Event Type:	Not Applicable		
	(d)	Final Barrier Percentage:	Not Applicable		
	(e)	Strike Price Percentage:	100%		
	(f)	Knock-in Barrier Percentage:	60%		

(g) Knock-in Barrier Period Start Date: Not Applicable
(h) Knock-in Barrier Period End Date: Not Applicable
(i) Lower Strike Price Percentage: Not Applicable
(j) Participation: Not Applicable
(k) Cap: Not Applicable

Provisions relating to Nominal Call Event

16. Nominal Call Event: Not Applicable(a) Nominal Call Threshold Percentage: Not Applicable

Provisions relating to the Underlying Asset(s)

17. Underlying Asset:

(a) Share: Not Applicable

(b) Index: The S&P 500[®] Index
(i) Exchange: Multi-exchange Index

(ii) Related Exchange: All Exchanges

(iii) Underlying Asset Currency: USD

(iv) Bloomberg Screen: SPX <Index>

(v) Reuters Screen Page: .SPX

(vi) Index Sponsor: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC

(vii) Pre-nominated Index: Not Applicable

18. Initial Price: 2,636.78, being the Valuation Price of the

Underlying Asset on the Initial Valuation Date for

such Underlying Asset

(a) Averaging-in: Not Applicable
(b) Min Lookback-in: Not Applicable
(c) Max Lookback-in: Not Applicable
(d) Initial Valuation Date: 11 December 2018

19. Final Valuation Price: The Valuation Price of the Underlying Assets on

the Final Valuation Date

(a) Averaging-out: Not Applicable
 (b) Min Lookback-out: Not Applicable
 (c) Max Lookback-out: Not Applicable
 (d) Final Valuation Date: 11 December 2024

Provisions relating to disruption events and taxes and expenses

20. Consequences of a Disrupted Day (in Not Applicable

respect of an Averaging Date or

Lookback Date):

21. Additional Disruption Event:

(a) Change in Law: Applicable as per General Condition 35.1

(Definitions)

(b) Currency Disruption Event: Applicable as per General Condition 35.1

			(Definitions)			
	(c)	Issuer Tax Event:	Applicable as per General Condition 35.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)			
	(d)	Extraordinary Market Disruption:	Applicable as per General Condition 35.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)			
	(e)	Hedging Disruption:	Applicable as per General Condition 35.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)			
	(f)	Increased Cost of Hedging:	Not Applicable			
	(g)	Affected Jurisdiction Hedging Disruption:	Not Applicable			
	(h)	Affected Jurisdiction Increased Cost of Hedging:	Not Applicable			
	(i)	Increased Cost of Stock Borrow:	Not Applicable			
	(j)	Loss of Stock Borrow:	Not Applicable			
	(k)	Foreign Ownership Event:	Not Applicable			
	(1)	Fund Disruption Event:	Not Applicable			
22.		Early Cash Settlement Amount:	Market Value			
23.	3. Early Redemption Notice Period Number:		As set out in General Condition 35.1 (<i>Definitions</i>)			
24.		Unwind Costs:	Not Applicable			
25.		Settlement Expenses:	Not Applicable			
26.		FX Disruption Event:	Not Applicable			
27.		Local Jurisdiction Taxes and Expenses:	Not Applicable			
Gene	eral prov	visions				
28.		Form of Securities:	CREST Securities held in uncertificated registered form			
			NGN Form: Not Applicable			
			Held under the NSS: Not Applicable			
			CGN Form: Applicable			
			CDIs: Applicable			
29.		Trade Date:	11 December 2018			
30.		871(m) Securities:	The Issuer has determined that the Securities (without regard to any other transactions) should not be subject to US withholding tax under Section 871(m) of the US Internal Revenue Code and regulations promulgated thereunder.			
31.		Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors:	Applicable – see the cover page of these Final Terms			
32.		Additional Business Centre(s):	London			
33.		Business Day Convention:	Modified Following			
34.		Determination Agent:	Barclays Bank PLC			

Registrar: 35. Not Applicable 36. CREST Agent: Computershare Investor Services PLC 37. Transfer Agent: Not Applicable 38. Name of Manager: Barclays Bank PLC (a) (b) Date of underwriting agreement: Not Applicable (c) Names and addresses of secondary Not Applicable trading intermediaries and main terms of commitment:

39. Governing Law: English law

40. Relevant Benchmark: The S&P 500® Index is provided by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLP. As at the date hereof, S&P Dow Jones Indices LLP does not appear in the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to

article 36 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

(a) Listing and Admission to Trading: Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its

behalf) for the Securities to be listed on the official list and admitted to trading on the regulated market of the London

Stock Exchange with effect from the Issue Date.

(b) Estimate of total expenses related to GBP 375

admission to trading:

2. RATINGS

Ratings: The Securities have not been individually rated.

3. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

Save for any fees payable to the Manager and save as discussed in risk factor 18 (*Risks associated with conflicts of interest*), so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Securities has an interest material to the issue.

4. REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES

Reasons for the offer: General Funding

5. PERFORMANCE OF UNDERLYING ASSETS, AND OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE UNDERLYING ASSETS

Information on the Underlying Assets can be found on:

Bloomberg Screen Page: SPX <Index> and http://eu.spindices.com/indices/equity/sp-500

Index Disclaimer: S&P 500[®] Index

6. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

(a) ISIN: GB00B8SVVY14

(b) Common Code: N/A

(c) Relevant Clearing System(s): CREST

(d) Delivery: Delivery free of payment.

- (e) Name and address of additional Paying Not Applicable Agent(s):
- (f) Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility:

No. Whilst the designation is specified as "no" at the date of these Final Terms, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may then be deposited with one of the International Central Securities Depositaries ("ICSDs") as common safekeeper (and registered in the name of a nominee of one of the ICSDs acting as common safekeeper). Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.

ISSUE SPECIFIC SUMMARY

	Section A – Introduction and warnings				
A.1	Introduction and warnings	This Summary should be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus. Any decision to invest in Securities should be based on consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole, including any information incorporated by reference, and read together with the Final Terms. Where a claim relating to the information contained in the Base Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff might, under the national legislation of the relevant Member State of the European Economic Area, have to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated. No civil liability shall attach to any responsible person solely on the basis of this Summary, including any translation thereof, unless it is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, key information in order to aid holders when considering whether to invest in the Securities.			
A.2	Consent by the Issuer to the use of prospectus in subsequent resale or final placement of Securities	Not Applicable: the Issuer does not consent to the use of the Base Prospectus for subsequent resales.			
		Section B – Issuer			
B.1	Legal and commercial name of the Issuer	The Securities are issued by Barclays Bank PLC (the "Issuer").			
B.2	Domicile and legal form of the Issuer, legislation under which the Issuer operates and country of incorporation of the Issuer	The Issuer is a public limited company registered in England and Wales. The principal laws and legislation under which the Issuer operates are laws of England and Wales including the Companies Act.			
B.4b	Known trends affecting the Issuer and industries in which the Issuer operates	The business and earnings of the Issuer and its subsidiary undertakings (together, the "Bank Group" or "Barclays") can be affected by the fiscal or other policies and other actions of various governmental and regulatory authorities in the UK, EU, US and elsewhere, which are all subject to change, as a result, regulatory risk will remain a focus. A more intensive regulatory approach and enhanced requirements together with the uncertainty (particularly in light of the UK's decision to withdraw from the EU) and potential lack of international regulatory coordination as enhanced supervisory standards are developed and implemented may adversely affect the Bank Group's business, capital and risk management strategies and/or may result in the Bank Group deciding to modify its legal entity structure, capital and funding structures and			

		business mix, or to exit certain business activities altogether or not to expand in areas despite otherwise attractive potential. The most significant of the regulatory reforms affecting the Bank Group in 2018 is the
		creation of the ring-fenced bank under the structural reform programme carried out by the ultimate holding company of the Bank Group (Barclays PLC, together with its subsidiaries, the "Group").
		There are several other significant pieces of legislation which will require significant management, attention, cost and resource which include:
		• Changes in prudential requirements, including the proposals for amendment of the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD IV) and the EU Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) which may impact minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL), leverage, liquidity or funding requirements, applicable buffers and/or add-ons to such minimum requirements and risk weighted assets calculation methodologies all as may be set by international, EU or national authorities from time to time.
		• The derivatives market has been the subject of particular focus for regulators in recent years across the G20 countries and beyond, with regulations introduced which require the reporting and clearing of standardised over the counter ("OTC") derivatives and the mandatory margining of non-cleared OTC derivatives. Reforms in this area are ongoing with further requirements expected to be implemented in the course of 2018.
		• The recast Markets in Financial Instruments Directive in Europe, which came into force in January 2018, has fundamentally changed the European regulatory framework, and entails significant operational changes for market participants in a wide range of financial instruments as well as changes in market structures and practices.
		The EU Benchmarks Regulation which also came into force in January 2018 regulates the administration and use of benchmarks in the EU. Compliance with this evolving regulatory framework entails significant costs for market participants and is having a significant impact on certain markets in which the Bank Group operates.
		Other regulations applicable to swap dealers, including those promulgated by the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission, have imposed significant costs on the Bank Group's derivatives business. These and any future requirements are expected to continue to impact such business.
B.5	Description of the group and the Issuer's position within the group	The Bank Group is a major global financial services provider. The Issuer is a wholly owned direct subsidiary of Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Bank Group.
B.9	Profit forecast or estimate	Not Applicable: the Issuer has chosen not to include a profit forecast or estimate.
B.10	Nature of any	Not Applicable: the audit report on the historical financial information contains no

	qualifications in	such qualifications.			
	audit report on	1			
	historical				
	financial				
	information				
D 44					
B.12	Selected key	Based on the Bank Group's audited financial information for the year ended 31			
	financial	December 2017, the Bank Group had total assets of £1,129,343 million (2016:			
	information; no	£1,213,955 million), total net loans and advances of £401,762 million (2016: £436,417			
	material adverse	million), total deposits of £467,332 million (2016: £472,917 million), and total equity			
	change and no	of £65,734 million (2016: £70,955 million) (including non-controlling interests of £1			
	significant	million (2016: £3,522 million)). The profit before tax of the Bank Group for the year			
	change	ended 31 December 2017 was £3,166 million (2016: £4,383 million) after credit			
	statements	impairment charges and other provisions of £2,336 million (2016: £2,373 million).			
		The financial information in this paragraph is extracted from the audited consolidated			
		financial statements of the Issuer for the year ended 31 December 2017.			
		Based on the Bank Group's unaudited financial information for the six months ended			
		30 June 2018, the Bank Group had total assets of £903,345 million (30 June 2017:			
		£1,136,867 million), total net loans and advances of £226,369 million (30 June 2017:			
		£427,980 million), total deposits of £279,438 million (30 June 2017: £488,162			
		million), and total shareholders' equity of £48,192 million (30 June 2017: £66,167			
		million) (including non-controlling interests of £2 million (30 June 2017: £84 million).			
		The profit before tax from continuing operations of the Bank Group for the six months			
		ended 30 June 2018 was £725 million (30 June 2017: £1,731 million) after credit			
		impairment charges and other provisions of £156 million (30 June 2017: £656			
		million). The financial information in this paragraph is extracted from the unaudited			
		condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Issuer for the six months			
		ended 30 June 2018.			
		Not Applicable: there has been no significant change in the financial or trading			
		position of the Bank Group since 30 June 2018.			
		There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since 31			
D 42		December 2017.			
B.13	Recent events	Not Applicable: there have been no recent events particular to the Issuer which are to a			
	particular to the	material extent relevant to the evaluation of the Issuer's solvency.			
	Issuer which are				
	materially				
	relevant to the				
	evaluation of				
	Issuer's solvency				
B.14	Dependency of	The whole of the issued ordinary share capital of the Issuer is beneficially owned by			
	the Issuer on	Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Bank Group.			
	other entities	The financial position of the Issuer is dependent on the financial position of its			
	within the group	subsidiary undertakings.			
B.15	Description of	The Bank Group is a global consumer and wholesale bank offering products and			
	the Issuer's	services across personal, corporate and investment banking and wealth management,			
	principal	with a strong presence in the UK and the US.			
	activities	with a strong presence in the Ore and the Ob.			
	activities				

B.16	Description of
	whether the
	Issuer is directly
	or indirectly
	owned or
	controlled and
	by whom and
	nature of such
	control

The whole of the issued ordinary share capital of the Issuer is beneficially owned by Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Issuer and its subsidiary undertakings.

Section C – Securities

C.1 Type and class of Securities being offered and/or admitted to trading

The securities ("Securities") described in this Summary:

- are 'derivative securities' and are issued as a series of notes or certificates;
- are transferable obligations of the Issuer and have the terms and conditions set out in this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms;
- will bear interest at a fixed rate, a floating rate or at a rate determined by reference to the performance of one or more Underlying Asset(s) which could be equity indices, shares, depository receipts or exchange traded funds;
- may (depending on the particular Securities) automatically redeem early if the Underlying Asset(s) is/are above a certain level on any of the specified dates;
- if not redeemed early, will be redeemed on the scheduled redemption date at an amount linked to the performance of the Underlying Asset(s);
- may be cleared through a clearing system or uncleared and may be held in bearer or registered form. Certain cleared Securities may be in dematerialised and uncertificated book-entry form. Title to cleared Securities will be determined by the books of the relevant clearing system; and
- will be issued in one or more series and each series may be issued in one or more tranches on the same or different issue dates. The Securities of each series are intended to be interchangeable with all other Securities of that series. Each series will be allocated a unique series number and an identification code.

Issue Date: 18 December 2018

Interest: The amount of interest payable on the Securities is determined by reference to a fixed rate of 9.10%. Whether or not interest is paid will depend on the performance of the S&P 500[®] Index (the "**Underlying Asset**"). In some cases the interest amount could be zero.

Early redemption following an Automatic Redemption (Autocall) Event: The Securities will redeem prior to their scheduled redemption date if the closing price or level of the Underlying Asset is at or above its corresponding Autocall Barrier on any of the specified autocall valuation dates. If this occurs, you will receive a cash payment equal to the nominal amount (or face value) of your Securities payable on a specified payment date.

Final redemption: If the Securities have not redeemed early they will redeem on the scheduled redemption date and the cash payment you receive or underlying asset you are delivered (if any) will be determined by reference to the value of the Underlying Asset on a specified valuation date or dates during the life of the Securities.

Form: The Securities are notes. The Securities will be issued in dematerialised and

		uncertificated book-entry form. Interests in the Securities will be constituted through the issuance of dematerialised depository interests (the "CDIs"), issued held, settled and transferred through Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited (formerly known as CRESTCO Limited) ("CREST"). Identification: Series number: NX000222751; Tranche number: 1 Identification Codes: ISIN: GB00B8SVVY14, External Sedol: B8SVVY1. Determination Agent: Barclays Bank PLC (the "Determination Agent") will be appointed to make calculations and determinations with respect to the Securities. Governing law: The Securities will be governed by English law.
C.2	Currency	Subject to compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and directives, Securities may be issued in any currency. The Securities will be denominated in United States dollars ("USD").
C.5	Description of restrictions on free transferability of the Securities	Securities are offered and sold outside the United States to non-US persons in reliance on Regulation S and must comply with transfer restrictions with respect to the United States. Securities held in a clearing system will be transferred in accordance with the rules, procedures and regulations of that clearing system. Subject to the above, the Securities will be freely transferable.
C.8	Description of rights attached to the Securities, and limitations to those rights and rankings of the Securities	Rights: Each Security includes a right to a potential return of interest and amount payable or deliverable on redemption together with certain ancillary rights such as the right to receive notice of certain determinations and events and to vote on future amendments. Taxation: All payments in respect of the Securities shall be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any UK taxes unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is required by law, the Issuer will, save in limited circumstances, pay additional amounts to cover the amounts so withheld or deducted. Events of default: If the Issuer fails to make any payment due under the Securities or breaches any other term and condition of the Securities in a way that is materially prejudicial to the interests of the holders (and such failure is not remedied within 30 days, or, in the case of interest, 14 days), or the Issuer is subject to a winding-up order, then (subject, in the case of interest, to the Issuer being prevented from payment for a mandatory provision of law) the Securities will become immediately due and payable, upon notice being given by the holder. Ranking: The Securities are direct, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank equally among themselves. Limitations to rights: Notwithstanding that the Securities are linked to the performance of the underlying asset(s), Holders do not have any rights in respect of the underlying asset(s). The terms and conditions of the Securities contain provisions for calling meetings of holders to consider matters affecting their interests generally and these provisions permit defined majorities to bind all holders, including holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority. Furthermore, in certain circumstances, the Issuer may amend the terms and conditions of the Securities permit the Issuer and the Determination Agent (as the case may be),

		holders' consent, to make adjustments to the terms and conditions of the Securities, to redeem the Securities prior to maturity, (where applicable) to postpone valuation of the underlying asset(s) or scheduled payments under the Securities, to change the currency in which the Securities are denominated, to substitute the Issuer with another permitted entity subject to certain conditions, and to take certain other actions with regard to the Securities and the underlying asset(s) (if any).				
C.11	Admission to trading	Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Securities to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of the London Stock Exchange with effect from the Issue Date.				
C.15	Description of how the value of the investment is	The return on, and value of, Securities will be linked to the performance of one or more specified equity indices, shares, depository receipts or exchange traded funds or a combination of these.				
	affected by the value of the			Securities is: the S&P 50	0 [®] Index (the "Underlying	
	underlying instrument	Calcula to a "C	Asset"). Calculations in respect of amounts payable under the Securities are made by reference to a "Calculation Amount", being USD 1.00. Where the Calculation Amount is different from the specified denomination of the Securities, the amount payable will be scaled accordingly.			
		Indicative amounts: If the Securities are being offered by way of a Public Offer and any specified product values are not fixed or determined at the commencement of the Offer Period, these specified product values will specify an indicative amount, indicative minimum amount, an indicative maximum amount or any combination thereof. In such case, the relevant specified product value(s) shall be the value determined based on market conditions by the Issuer on or around the end of the Offer Period. Notice of the relevant specified product value will be published prior to the Issue Date.				
		INTEREST				
		Snowball interest : Each Security will only pay interest on an Interest Payment Date if the closing price or level of the Underlying Asset on the corresponding Interest Valuation Date is greater than or equal to its corresponding Interest Barrier. If this occurs, the amount of interest payable is calculated by:				
		 (1) multiplying the fixed rate of 9.10% by the Calculation Amount; and then (2) multiplying the result by the number corresponding to that Interest Valuation Date (i.e. the number in the column headed 'T' in the table below). 				
		Each Interest Payment Date, corresponding Interest Valuation Date, T and Interest Barrier is as follows:				
		T	Interest Valuation Date	Interest Payment Date	Interest Barriers	
		1	11 December 2019	18 December 2019	100% of the Initial Price	
		2	11 December 2020	18 December 2020	95% of the Initial Price	
		3	13 December 2021	20 December 2021	90% of the Initial Price	
		4	12 December 2022	19 December 2022	85% of the Initial Price	

5

6

11 December 2023

11 December 2024

18 December 2023

18 December 2024

80% of the Initial Price

75% of the Initial Price

Initial Price: The Initial Price of the Underlying Asset is the closing price or level of such Underlying Asset on the Initial Valuation Date.

AUTOMATIC REDEMPTION (AUTOCALL)

The Securities will automatically redeem prior to their scheduled redemption date if the closing price or level of the Underlying Asset is at or above its corresponding Autocall Barrier on any Autocall Valuation Date (an "Automatic Redemption (Autocall) Event"). If this occurs, you will receive a cash payment equal to the nominal amount of your Securities payable on the Autocall Redemption Date corresponding to such Autocall Valuation Date.

Each Autocall Valuation Date and the corresponding Autocall Barrier is as follows:

Autocall Valuation Date	Autocall Redemption	Autocall Barrier
	Date	
11 December 2019	18 December 2019	100% of the Initial Price
11 December 2020	18 December 2020	95% of the Initial Price
13 December 2021	20 December 2021	90% of the Initial Price
12 December 2022	19 December 2022	85% of the Initial Price
11 December 2023	18 December 2023	80% of the Initial Price

FINAL REDEMPTION

If the Securities have not redeemed early they will redeem on the scheduled redemption date at an amount that is dependent on each of the following:

- the 'Initial Price' of the Underlying Asset, which reflects the price or level of that asset near the issue date of the Securities:
- the 'Final Valuation Price' of the Underlying Asset, which reflects the price or level of that asset near the scheduled redemption date;
- the 'Strike Price' of the Underlying Asset, which is calculated as 100 per cent. multiplied by the Initial Price of that asset; and
- the 'Knock-in Barrier Price' of the Underlying Asset, which is calculated as 60 per cent. multiplied by the Initial Price of that asset.

Initial Price: The Initial Price of the Underlying Asset is the closing price or level of such Underlying Asset on 11 December 2018.

Final Valuation Price: The Final Valuation Price of the Underlying Asset is the closing price or level of such Underlying Asset on 11 December 2024, the "**Final Valuation Date**".

* * * *

European Barrier redemption: If the Final Valuation Price is greater than or equal to the Knock-in Barrier Price, you will receive a cash amount per Calculation Amount equal to USD 1.00.

Otherwise: you will receive a cash amount per Calculation Amount, calculated by dividing the Final Valuation Price by the Strike Price and multiplying the result by the Calculation Amount.

C.16 Expiration or

The Securities are scheduled to redeem on the scheduled redemption date. This day

	maturity date of the Securities	may be postponed following the postponement of a valuation date due to a disruption event.		
	the securities	The scheduled redemption date of the Securities is 18 December 2024.		
C.17	Settlement	The Securities will be cleared and settled through CREST.		
	procedure of the derivative securities	Interests in the Securities will be constituted through the issuance of CDIs, issued, held, settled and transferred through CREST, representing interests in the Securities underlying the CDIs. CDIs are independent securities under English law and will be issued by CREST. Holders of CDIs will not be entitled to deal in the Securities directly and all dealings in the Securities must be effected through CREST in relation to the holding of CDIs.		
C.18	Description of how the return on derivative securities takes place	The return on, and value of, the Securities will be linked to the performance of the Underlying Asset. Payments of interest will depend on the performance of the Underlying Asset during the life of the Securities. A fall in the price of the Underlying Asset below a specified level on any Interest Valuation Date will reduce the amount of interest payable on the Securities. The value of, and return on (if any), the Securities will depend on the performance of the Underlying Asset on each Autocall Valuation Date and the Final Valuation Date. If no Automatic Redemption (Autocall) Event has occurred on an Autocall Valuation Date and the Underlying Asset performs negatively over and during the life of the Securities, a holder may sustain a loss of part or all of the amount invested in the Securities.		
C.19	Final reference price of the underlying	The final reference level of any equity index, or final reference price of any share, depository receipt or fund to which Securities are linked, will be determined by reference to a publicly available source on a specified date or dates. The final valuation price of the Underlying Asset is the closing price or level of the Underlying Asset on 11 December 2024, as determined by the Determination Agent.		
C.20	Type of underlying	Securities may be linked to one or more: common shares; depositary receipts representing common shares; exchange traded funds (ETFs) (being a fund, pooled investment vehicle, collective investment scheme, partnership, trust or other similar legal arrangement and holding assets, such as shares, bonds, indices, commodities, and/or other securities such as financial derivative instruments); or equity indices. The Underlying Asset for the Securities is: the S&P 500® Index. Information about the Underlying Assets is available at: http://eu.spindices.com/indices/equity/sp-500		
	Section D – Risks			
D.2	Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Issuer	The risks described below are material risks that senior management has identified with respect to the Group. In connection with the planned implementation in the first half of 2018 of ring-fencing certain of the Group's UK businesses, the Issuer will transfer what are materially the assets and business of the Barclays UK division to another subsidiary of the Group, Barclays Bank UK PLC (the "UK Ring-fenced Bank"). Senior management expects that upon this transfer the material risks with respect to the Bank Group will be the same in all material respects as those risks with respect to the Group (save in relation to certain potential differences in risks as described in "Certain potential consequences of ring-fencing to the Issuer" below). The Issuer classifies eight risks as "Principal Risks": (1) Credit Risk; (2) Market Risk; (3) Treasury and Capital Risk; (4) Operational Risk; (5) Model Risk; (6) Conduct Risk; (7) Reputation Risk and (8) Legal Risk (each a "Principal Risk"). Material risks		

to the Group and their impact are described below in the sections (i) material existing and emerging risks potentially impacting more than one Principal Risk and (ii) material existing and emerging risks impacting individual Principal Risks.

(i) Material existing and emerging risks potentially impacting more than one Principal Risk

Business conditions, general economy and geopolitical issues

The Group offers a broad range of services, including to retail, institutional and government customers, in a large number of countries. The breadth of these operations means that deterioration in the economic environment, or an increase in political instability in countries where the Group is active, or in any systemically important economy, could adversely affect the Group's operating performance, financial condition and prospects.

Interest rate rises adversely impacting credit conditions

To the extent that central banks increase interest rates particularly in the Group's main markets, in the UK and the US, there could be an impact on consumer debt affordability and corporate profitability. While interest rate rises could positively impact the Group's profitability, as retail and corporate business income may increase due to margin de-compression, future interest rate increases, if larger or more frequent than expectations, could cause stress in the loan portfolio and underwriting activity of the Group. Higher credit losses driving an increased impairment allowance would most notably impact retail unsecured portfolios and wholesale non- investment grade lending.

Interest rates rising faster than expected could also have an adverse impact on the value of high quality liquid assets which are part of the Group Treasury function's investment activity that could consequently create more volatility through the Group's available for sale reserves than expected.

Process of UK withdrawal from the European Union

The uncertainty and increased market volatility following the UK's decision to leave the EU in 2019 is likely to continue until the exact nature of the future trading relationship with the EU becomes clear. The potential risks associated with an exit from the EU include:

- Increased market risk with the impact on the value of trading book positions;
- Potential for credit spread widening for UK institutions which could lead to reduced investor appetite for the Group's debt securities, which could negatively impact the cost of and/or access to funding;
- Changes in the long-term outlook for UK interest rates which may adversely affect International Accounting Standards 19 pension liabilities and the market value of equity investments funding those liabilities;
- Increased risk of a UK recession with lower growth, higher unemployment and falling UK house prices. This would negatively impact a number of the Group's portfolios;
- Changes to current EU "Passporting" rights which will likely require adjustments to the current model for the Group's cross-border banking operation which could increase operational complexity and/or costs;
- The ability to attract, or prevent the departure of, qualified and skilled employees may be impacted by the UK's future approach to the EU freedom of movement and immigration from the EU countries; and
- The legal framework within which the Group operates could change and become more uncertain as the UK takes steps to replace or repeal certain laws currently in force, which are based on EU legislation and regulation.

Regulatory change agenda and impact on business model

The Group remains subject to ongoing significant levels of regulatory change and

scrutiny in many of the countries in which it operates (including, in particular, the UK and the US). A more intensive regulatory approach and enhanced requirements together with the uncertainty (particularly in light of the UK's decision to withdraw from the EU) and potential lack of international regulatory coordination as enhanced supervisory standards are developed and implemented may adversely affect the Group's business, capital and risk management strategies and/or may result in the Group deciding to modify its legal entity structure, capital and funding structures and business mix, or to exit certain business activities altogether or not to expand in areas despite otherwise attractive potential.

Certain potential consequences of ring-fencing to the Issuer

In connection with the planned implementation in the first half of 2018 of ring-fencing certain of the Group's businesses, the Issuer will transfer what are materially the assets and business of the Barclays UK division to another subsidiary of the Group, the UK Ring-fenced Bank. Senior management expects that upon this transfer, the material risks with respect to the Bank Group will be the same in all material respects as those risks with respect to the Group. However, senior management has identified certain potential differences in risks with respect to the Bank Group as compared to risks to the Group.

- The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the Barclays UK division from the Issuer will mean that the Bank Group will be less diversified than the Group as a whole.
- The Issuer will not be the parent of the UK Ring-fenced Bank and thus will not have recourse to the assets of the UK Ring-fenced Bank.
- Relative to the Group, the Bank Group will be, among other things, more focused on businesses outside the UK, particularly in the US; exposed to the US economy and more affected by movements in the US Dollar (and other non-Sterling currencies) relative to Sterling, with a relatively larger portion of its business exposed to US regulation; more focused on wholesale businesses, such as corporate and investment banking and capital markets; more dependent on wholesale funding sources; and potentially subject to different regulatory obligations.

Accordingly, the implementation of ring-fencing may adversely affect the market value and/or liquidity of the Securities.

(ii) Material existing and emerging risks impacting individual Principal Risks

Credit risk: The risk of loss to the Group from the failure of clients, customers or counterparties, including sovereigns, to fully honour their obligations to the Group, including the whole and timely payment of principal, interest, collateral and other receivables. The Group may suffer financial loss if any of its customers, clients or counterparties fails to fulfil their contractual obligations to the Group.

Market risk: The risk of a loss arising from potential adverse changes in the value of the Group's assets and liabilities from fluctuation in market variables including, but not limited to, interest rates, foreign exchange, equity prices, commodity prices, credit spreads, implied volatilities and asset correlations. The Group's trading business is generally exposed to a prolonged period of elevated asset price volatility, particularly if it negatively affects the depth of marketplace liquidity.

Treasury and capital risk: The risk that the Group (i) is unable to meet its contractual or contingent obligations or that it does not have the appropriate amount, tenor and composition of funding and liquidity to support its assets, (ii) has an insufficient level or composition of capital to support its normal business activities and to meet its regulatory capital requirements, or (iii) is exposed to capital or income volatility because of a mismatch between the interest rate exposures of its assets and liabilities. The Group may not be able to achieve its business plans due to, among other things: a) being unable to maintain appropriate capital ratios; b) being unable to meet its obligations as they fall due; c) rating agency downgrades; d) adverse changes in

foreign exchange rates on capital ratios; e) adverse movements in the pension fund; and f) non-traded market risk/interest rate risk in the banking book.

Operational risk: The Group is exposed to many types of operational risk. These include: (i) the risk of failing to adequately manage the threat of cyber attacks and to continually evolve enterprise security and provide an active cyber security response capability could result in increased fraud losses, inability to perform critical economic functions, customer detriment, potential regulatory censure and penalty, legal liability, reduction in shareholder value and reputational damage; (ii) the risk of loss of or disruption to the Group's business processing, whether arising through impacts on technology systems, real estate services, personnel availability or the support of major suppliers, and which may result in significant customer detriment, cost to reimburse losses incurred by the Group's customers, potential regulatory censure or penalty, and reputational damage; (iii) to the extent that the Group depends on suppliers for the provision of many of its services and the development of future technology driven product propositions, there is a risk that client information or critical infrastructures is not adequately protected, the potential for a negative impact on the Group's ability to continue to provide services that are material to the Group following a failure by any such supplier and the potential for increased losses, inability to perform critical economic functions, customer detriment, potential regulatory censure and penalty, legal liability and reputational damages upon a failure to adequately manage outsourcing risk; (iv) the risk of material errors in operational processes, including payments, which could disadvantage the Group's customers, clients or counterparties and could result in regulatory censure and penalties, legal liability, reputational damage and financial loss by the Group; (v) the risk of a failure to closely monitor risk exposure to new and emergent technology, which could lead to customer detriment, loss of business, regulatory censure, missed business opportunity and reputational damage; (vi) the risk of fraudulent and other internal and external criminal activities, which could result in high profile material losses together with regulatory censure, penalties and significant reputational damage; (vii) the risk of the inability to hire and retain appropriately qualified employees, which could negatively impact the Group's financial performance, control environment and level of employee engagement as well as the disenfranchisement of certain customer groups, customer detriment and reputational damage; (viii) the risk that the Group failing to comply with tax laws and practices or managing its tax affairs in an appropriate manner, which could lead to losses due to additional tax charges, other financial costs or reputational damage; (ix) the risk that of incorrect judgements being exercised, or incorrect estimates or assumptions being used, in relation to International Financial Reporting Standards, which could result in significant loss to the Group, beyond what was anticipated or provided for; and (x) the risk of failing to accurately collect and maintain the large volumes of data (including personally identifiable information, intellectual property, and financial data) that the Group holds and to protect it from breaches of confidentiality and interference with its availability, which could lead to loss or unavailability of data and data integrity issues and could result in regulatory censure, legal liability and reputational damage.

Model risk: The risk of the potential adverse consequences from financial assessments or decisions based on incorrect or misused model outputs and reports. Models are, by their nature, imperfect and incomplete representations of reality because they rely on assumptions and inputs, and so they may be subject to errors affecting the accuracy of their outputs. Models may also be misused. Model errors or misuse may result in the Group making inappropriate business decisions and being subject to financial loss, regulatory risk, reputational risk and/or inadequate capital reporting.

Conduct risk: The risk of detriment to customers, clients, market integrity, competition or the Group from the inappropriate supply of financial services, including instances of wilful or negligent misconduct. Ineffective product governance, could lead to poor customer outcomes, as well as regulatory sanctions, financial loss and reputational damage. The Group may be adversely affected if it fails to effectively mitigate the risk that its employees or third parties facilitate, or that its products and services are used to facilitate financial crime (money laundering, terrorist financing, bribery and corruption and sanctions evasion). Failure to protect personal data can lead

to potential detriment to the Group's customers and clients, reputational damage, regulatory sanctions and financial loss, which under the new EU Data Protection Regulation may be substantial. Failure to meet the requirements and expectations of the UK Senior Managers Regime, Certification Regime and Conduct Rules may lead to regulatory sanctions, both for the individuals and the Group.

Reputation risk: The risk that an action, transaction, investment or event will reduce trust in the Group's integrity and competence by clients, counterparties, investors, regulators, employees or the public.

Legal risk and legal, competition and regulatory matters: The risk of loss or imposition of penalties, damages or fines from the failure of the Group to meet its legal obligations including regulatory or contractual requirements. Legal disputes, regulatory investigations, fines and other sanctions relating to conduct of business and breaches of legislation and/or regulations may negatively affect the Group's results, reputation and ability to conduct its business. Legal outcomes can arise as a consequence of legal risk or because of past and future actions, behaviours and business decisions as a result of other Principal Risks.

D.6 Key information on the key risks

on the key risks that are specific to the Securities including a risk warning that investors may lose some or all of the value of their investment You may lose some or all of your investment.

The terms of the Securities do not provide for scheduled minimum payment of the face value or issue price of the Securities at maturity: depending on the performance of the Underlying Asset, you may lose some or all of your investment.

The payment of any amount or delivery of any property due under the Securities is dependent upon the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations when they fall due. The Securities are unsecured obligations. They are not deposits and they are not protected under the UK's Financial Services Compensation Scheme or any other deposit protection insurance scheme. Therefore, if the Issuer fails or is otherwise unable to meet its payment or delivery obligations under the Securities, you will lose some or all of your investment.

You will lose up to the entire value of your investment if the Issuer fails or is otherwise unable to meet its payment obligations.

You may also lose some or all of your entire investment if:

- you sell your Securities prior to maturity in the secondary market (if any) at an amount that is less than the initial purchase price;
- the Securities are redeemed early following the occurrence of an extraordinary event in relation to the Underlying Asset(s), the Issuer, the Issuer's hedging arrangement, the relevant currencies or taxation (such as following an additional disruption event) and the amount you receive on such redemption is less than the initial purchase price; and/or
- the terms and conditions of the Securities are adjusted (in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Securities) with the result that the redemption amount payable to you and/or the value of the Securities is reduced.

Return linked to performance of Underlying Asset: The return payable on the Securities is linked to the change in value of the Underlying Asset over the life of the Securities. Any information about the past performance of any Underlying Asset should not be taken as an indication of how prices will change in the future. You will not have any rights of ownership, including, without limitation, any voting rights or rights to receive dividends, in respect of any Underlying Asset.

Reinvestment risk/loss of yield: Following an early redemption of the Securities for any reason, you may be unable to reinvest the redemption proceeds at a rate of return as high as the return on the Securities being redeemed. You should consider such

reinvestment risk in light of other available opportunities before you purchase the Securities. US withholding on dividend equivalent amounts: Certain actual or deemed payments on the securities held by non-US investors generally may be subject to a US withholding tax of 30 per cent. No additional amounts will be payable in respect of such withholding taxes. Equity Index risks: Securities linked to the performance of equity indices provide investment diversification opportunities, but will be subject to the risk of fluctuations in both equity prices and the value and volatility of the relevant equity index. Securities linked to equity indices may not participate in dividends or any other distributions paid on the shares which make up such indices, accordingly, you may receive a lower return on the Securities than you would have received if you had invested directly in those shares. The relevant index sponsor can add, delete or substitute the components of an equity index at its discretion, and may also alter the methodology used to calculate the level of such index. These events may have a detrimental impact on the level of that index, which in turn could have a negative impact on the value of and return on the Securities. Volatile market prices: The market value of the Securities is unpredictable and may be highly volatile, as it can be affected by many unpredictable factors, including: market interest and yield rates; fluctuations in currency exchange rates; exchange controls; the time remaining until the Securities mature; economic, financial, regulatory, political, terrorist, military or other events in one or more jurisdictions; changes in laws or regulations; and the Issuer's creditworthiness or perceived creditworthiness. Section E - Offer The net proceeds from each issue of Securities will be applied by the Issuer for its E.2b Reasons for offer and use of general corporate purposes, which include making a profit and/or hedging certain risks. If the Issuer elects at the time of issuance of Securities to make different or more proceeds when specific use of proceeds, the Issuer will describe that use in the Final Terms. different from making profit Reasons for the offer and use of Proceeds: General Funding and/or hedging certain risks **E.3** Not Applicable: the Securities have not been offered to the public. **Description of** the terms and conditions of the offer **E.4 Description of** The relevant Manager(s) or Authorised Offeror(s) may be paid fees in relation to any any interest issue or offer of Securities. Potential conflicts of interest may exist between the Issuer, material to the Determination Agent, relevant Manager(s) or Authorised Offeror(s) or their affiliates issue/offer, (who may have interests in transactions in derivatives related to the Underlying Asset(s) which may, but are not intended to, adversely affect the market price, liquidity including conflicting or value of the Securities) and holders.

Any Manager and its affiliates may be engaged, and may in the future engage, in

hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Asset.

interests

E.7	Estimated	The Issuer will not charge any expenses to investors in connection with the issue of	
	expenses	Securities. Offerors may, however, charge expenses to investors. Such expenses (
	charged to	any) will be determined by agreement between the Authorised Offeror and the	
	investor by	investors at the time of each issue.	
	issuer/offeror		