PART VII SCHEME

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTUAL AMENDMENTS FOR ISDA MASTER AGREEMENT, CSA, GMRA & GMSLA

This table sets out a summary of the key contractual amendments which will apply to Barclays Bank PLC's ("BBPLC") and Barclays Capital Securities Ltd's ("BCSL"): (i) ISDA Master Agreements; (ii) ISDA Credit Support Annexes; (iii) Global Master Repurchase Agreements; and (iv) Global Master Securities Lending Agreements (together, the "Trading Agreements"), as applicable, each as defined in the Part VII Scheme. To the extent that the specific amendments set out below conflict with any general amendments (please see the summary of general contract amendments), the specific amendments shall prevail.

The purpose of this summary is to provide an explanation of the indicative amendments that are likely be made to BBPLC and BCSL Trading Agreements under the Part VII Scheme. This summary is not an exhaustive list of the amendments made by the Part VII Scheme. If you would like to view a comprehensive list of amendments, please see section 2 of Schedule 3 of the Scheme. The reflection of amendments in the table below is for illustrative purposes only. The terms of the agreements you have with BBPLC and BCSL may differ from the example below.

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	SUMMARY OF CHANGES – ISDA MASTER AGREEMENT						
Reference	Description of change	Reflection of change in the ISDA Master Agreement (for illustrative purposes only)	Explanation				
General Amendment 1.2	References to BBPLC and BCSL and each entity's registration details, VAT number and contact details shall be amended to refer to the equivalent details of BBI.	Barclays Bank PLCBarclays Bank Ireland PLC ("Party B")	Barclays Bank Ireland PLC (BBI) is not incorporated in the United Kingdom and is not subject to the rules, regulations or laws of England and Wales.				
		Barclays Bank Ireland PLC is a public limited company incorporated in Ireland with regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Registered No. 396330. Established as a Public Limited Company under the laws of England and Wales having Company Number 1026167	References to either BBPLC or BCSL and to its registration details are substituted with references to BBI and to BBI's registration details.				
Specific Amendment 2.5(a)(i)	If the 'Threshold Amount' for BBPLC or BCSL was a specified amount in pounds sterling (or determined by reference to a specified amount in pounds sterling), such amount shall be converted into Euro using a conversion rate of 1.10 Euro to 1 pound.	"Threshold Amount" means, in respect of: Party A: [•] or its equivalent in other currencies. Party B: GBP 10,000,000 EUR 11,000,000 or its equivalent in other currencies.	The Cross Default Event of Default of the ISDA Master Agreement can only be triggered by a default under agreements where the aggregate principal amount of such agreements is not less than the 'Threshold Amount' and/or as a result of a failure to				

pay under such agreements of not less than the 'Threshold Amount'.

The applicable Threshold Amount for each party to the ISDA Master Agreement will be specified in the ISDA Schedule to such ISDA Master Agreement (or an amended Threshold Amount may be specified for a particular transaction in the confirmation for such transaction).

In certain ISDA Master Agreements entered into by BBPLC or BCSL, the Threshold Amount for BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable) may be specified as being an amount in pounds sterling (e.g. a Threshold Amount of 'GBP 10,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency)').

As BBI is incorporated in Ireland and the principle currency used by BBI is Euro as the currency of Ireland, any such reference to a specific sterling amount shall be converted into Euro (at a fixed conversion rate of 1.10 Euro to 1 pound) when the relevant ISDA Master Agreement is duplicated

			for BBI (e.g. a Threshold Amount of GBP 10,000,000 shall become a Threshold Amount of EUR 11,000,000).
General Amendment 1.21	A credit rating of a particular rating agency in relation to BBPLC or BCSL shall be construed as, and take effect as, a credit rating of that rating agency in relation to BBI, provided that a reference to a credit rating from Moody's Investor Services ("Moody's") in relation to BBPLC or BCSL shall be: deleted if a rating is also specified in the relevant provision for each of Standard & Poor's ("S&P") and Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"); if a rating is also specified for S&P but not for Fitch, replaced (mutatis mutandis) with the Fitch Equivalent Rating for Moody's; if a rating is also specified for Fitch but not for S&P, replaced (mutatis mutandis) with the S&P Equivalent Rating for Moody's; if no rating is specified for S&P or Fitch, replaced (mutatis mutandis) with the S&P Equivalent Rating for S&P and the Fitch Equivalent Rating for Fitch in which case, in respect of	"Credit Rating" means a credit rating issued by any of S&P, Moody's or Fitch with respect to a party's long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt. "Ratings Level" means a Credit Rating of at least [•] (S&P)/Baa3 (Moody's)/[•] (Fitch) as applicable. "Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or its successor.	BBPLC has ratings from Moody's, S&P and Fitch, while BBI only has ratings from S&P and Fitch. Accordingly, if an ISDA Schedule includes a rating requirement in respect of BBPLC which references ratings from each of Moody's, S&P and Fitch, the references to Moody's are deleted. If an ISDA Schedule includes a rating requirement in respect of BBPLC which references ratings from each of Moody's and S&P (but not Fitch), the references to Moody's will be replaced with references to the equivalent rating for Fitch. If an ISDA Schedule includes a rating requirement in respect of BBPLC which references only Moody's, the references to Moody's will be replaced with references to the equivalent

any provision which provides a consequence (such as, without limitation, a right to terminate) in the event of BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable) not having a specified rating from Moody's (howsoever expressed), such consequence shall instead be triggered by BBI not having the S&P Equivalent Rating from S&P or the Fitch Equivalent Rating from Fitch.

For the purposes of the above, "S&P Equivalent Rating" and "Fitch Equivalent Rating" means:

In respect of a long-term or short-term credit rating in respect of BBI, the rating of S&P or Fitch (as applicable) shown in the table below as being equivalent to the Moody's rating specified in the relevant provision of the relevant agreement or instrument. In respect of a credit rating of BBI, if the relevant Moody's rating below is equivalent to more than one S&P or Fitch rating (as applicable), the highest of such S&P or Fitch ratings (as applicable) shall apply.

ratings from Fitch and S&P. In respect of any provision in such ISDA Master Agreement providing a consequence (such as a termination right) if BBPLC does not have the required Moody's rating, such consequence shall instead be triggered by BBI not having the required S&P rating or the required Fitch rating.

Aaa	P-1	AAA	A-1+	AAA	F1+
Aa1	-	AA+		AA+	
Aa2	-	AA		AA	
Aa3	-	AA-		AA-	
A1		A+	A-1	A+	F1/F 1+
A2	P- 2/P-1	A		A	F1
A3	P2/P- 1	A-	A-2	A-	F2/F 1
Baa1	P-2	BBB+		BBB+	F2
Baa2	P- 3/P-2	BBB	A-3	BBB	F3/F 2
Baa3	P-3	BBB-	<u>.</u>	BBB-	F3
Ba1	NP (Not	BB+	В	BB+	В
Ba2	Prim e)	BB		BB	
Ba3		BB-		BB-	
B1	-	В+		B+	
B2	-	В		В	

	B3	B-		B-			
	Caa1	CCC+	С	CCC	С		
	Caa2	CCC					
	Caa3	CCC-					
	Ca	CC		CC	-		
		С		С			
	С	SD/D	D	RD/D	RD/ D		
Specific Amendment 2.5(a)(v)	Any payee tay BCSL in an Is by an approp BBI as an Iris In particula representation under the law Ireland (and corporation ta It shall also r authorised to under the rele Bank Act 197	SDA Mas priate pay h entity. r, BBI as to reflet is of Irelar is there is there is there is an incomplete the carry on b evant Iris (1).	will will and and refore that it is anking the legis.	make ne it is incoris a tax resubject to business in lation (the	replaced tion for ew tax reporated sident in o Irish which is a Ireland Central	(c) Party B Payee Tax Representations: For the purpose of Section 3(f), Party B makes the following representation: (A) it is a company which is incorporated under the laws of Ireland and is resident in Ireland for the purposes of Irish corporation tax and is subject to tax therein; (B) it is a bank which is authorised under section 9 of the Central Bank Act 1971 of Ireland to carry on banking business in Ireland; (C) with respect to transactions between branches or offices of Party A and B which are located in different jurisdictions: "It is fully eligible for the benefits of the 'Business Profits' or 'Industrial and Commercial Profits' provision, as the case may be, the	BBI is not incorporated in the United Kingdom. Accordingly, any payee tax representation given by either BBPLC or BCSL in an ISDA Master Agreement shall be replaced with an appropriate Irish tax representation for BBI.
	BBI shall transactions through brand	between	it and	the coun	terparty	<u>'interest'</u> provision or the 'Other Income' provision, if any, of the Specified Treaty with respect to any payment described in such provisions and received or to be received by it in	

	jurisdictions that it is fully eligible for the specific	connection with this Agreement and no such	
	tax benefits, namely the 'Business Profits' or the	payment is attributable to a trade or business	
	'Industrial and Commercial Profits' provision, and	carried on by it through a permanent	
	potentially 'interest' provision or 'Other Income'	establishment (as that term is defined in the Specified Treaty) in the Specified Jurisdiction."	
	provisions (if any) of any income tax treaty		
	between Ireland and the jurisdiction of the	For the purposes of the above:	
	counterparty's office.	"Specified Treaty" means, the income tax treaty,	
	counterparty's office.	if any, between Ireland and the Specified	
		Jurisdiction.	
		"Specified Jurisdiction" means, the jurisdiction	
		of the Office of Barclays Bank Ireland PLC	
		which is party to the transaction." It is a company incorporated under the laws of England and	
		WalesIreland and is tax resident in the United	
		KingdomIreland.	
Specific	If specific notice details had been included for		Specific Notice details may have
Amendment	BBPLC or BCSL in an ISDA Master Agreement	(C) Notices or communications relating to	been specified in an ISDA Master
2.5(a)(iii)	relating to communications under Sections 5	Sections 5 and/or 6 should be sent to:	Agreement entered into by either
2.3(a)(III)	and/or 6 of the ISDA Master Agreement, such	Attention: Regional General Counsel &	BBPLC or BCSL in respect of
	<u> </u>	Derivatives Legal Directors	l -
	notice details shall be replaced with such notice	Address: One Molesworth Street, Dublin 2,	notices relating to an Event of
	details as BBI shall specify.	Ireland, D02 RF29Barelays Bank PLC, 5 The	Default, a Termination Event or
	771 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London, E14	otherwise in relation to
	This does not apply to any email addresses	4 BB	termination. In this circumstance,
	specified for BBPLC or BCSL, which shall	Provided That any notice which has the effect of	BBI will specify replacement
	remain unchanged and specified for BBI.	terminating one or more Transactions prior to its	notice details (save for any
		scheduled termination date shall also be copied	specified email address which
General	In relation to the delivery of an early termination	to Barclays Bank PLC at 5 The North Colonnade,	shall remain unchanged and used
Amendment	notice to BBI only, such early termination notice	Canary Wharf, London E14 4BB (Attention:	by BBI). Any early termination
1.12	shall also be required to be copied to the current	Regional General Counsel & Derivatives Legal Directors)	notice to BBI shall also be
1.12	address and contact details of BBPLC or BCSL	<u>Directors</u>	required to be copied to the
	(as applicable).		current address and contact details

Specific Amendment 2.5(a)(vi)	If provisions were incorporated into and/or otherwise amended (the "DF Amendments") in the relevant Existing Master Agreement as a result of BBPLC or BCSL and the counterparty having entered into or incorporated by reference the terms of the ISDA March 2013 DF Protocol, the ISDA March 2013 DF Supplement, the ISDA August 2012 DF Protocol and/or the ISDA August 2012 DF Supplement (in each case as amended or supplemented), such DF Amendments shall not be incorporated into the Duplicated Master Agreement. Instead, the DF Amendments shall be automatically made to the Duplicated Master Agreement if and with effect from the date on which BBI becomes a registered 'swap dealer' (as defined in Section 1a(49) of the US Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC Regulation 1.3 (ggg) (a "Swap Dealer")).	ISDA March 2013 DF Protocol. This Master Agreement shall be supplemented to the same extent as if it were a "Matched PCA" under the ISDA March 2013 DF Protocol Agreement, as published on March 22, 2013, by ISDA if and with effect from the date on which Party B becomes a registered 'swap dealer' (as defined in Section 1a(49) of the US Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC Regulation 1.3 (ggg).	of BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable). Any provisions included in an Existing Master Agreement from the ISDA Dodd Frank protocols are disapplied in the Duplicated Master Agreement entered into with BBI to reflect BBI's current status.
Specific Amendment 2.5(a)(vii)	Any representation and/or warranty made by BBPLC or BCSL that it is a Swap Dealer (howsoever expressed) shall be amended such that BBI shall only make such representation and/or warranty if it has become a Swap Dealer on or prior to the date on which such representation and/or warranty would otherwise be made.	[(i)(D)] Party B is a 'swap dealer' as defined in Section 1a(49) of the Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC Regulation 1.3 (ggg). The representation at paragraph [(i)(D))] above shall only apply if Party B has become a 'swap dealer' on or prior to the date on which such representation would otherwise be made.	Any such representation included in an Existing Master Agreement is disapplied in the Duplicated Master Agreement with BBI to reflect BBI's current status.

General Amendment 3.1	Amendments shall be made to include the irrevocable appointment by BBI of BBPLC as its agent to accept service of process in England for any disputes arising under or in connection therewith.	Process Agent. For the purposes of Section 13(c) of this Agreement each party's Process Agent is as follows: Party A: [•] Party B: Barclays Bank PLC, 5 The North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London, E14 4BBNone.	As UK Companies, BBPLC and BCSL did not need to appoint a process agent in order for documents to be served on them in the UK. BBI is not a UK company, so BBPLC will be appointed as BBI's process agent to accept correspondence in respect of any disputes that arise
Specific Amendment 2.5(a)(iv)	The ISDA Master Agreement enables each party to specify that it is a 'Multibranch Party'. If a party is specified as being a Multibranch Party in the ISDA Schedule, it can select the 'Office' through which it will make and receive payments for a transaction from those listed in the ISDA Schedule. If BBPLC or BCSL was specified in an ISDA Master Agreement as being a Multibranch Party, this shall be amended so that BBI is specified as not being a Multibranch Party. As a result, BBI will only be able to enter into future transactions under the relevant ISDA Master Agreement through its Dublin office.	Party B: is not a Multibranch Party and may act through its Dublin office London, Hong Kong, New York, Belfast, Dubai, Shanghai and Singapore offices.	under or in connection with the ISDA Master Agreement. BBI will not have the same branch network as BBPLC so it will not be specified as a "multibranch party" and therefore will not be able to enter into transactions out of different branches.

General Amendment 1.23	References to London, England or the UK or to dates on which commercial banks are open for business in London, England or the UK in any definition of "Local Business Day" or "Business Day" or similar shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to Dublin, Ireland or to dates on which commercial banks are open for business in Dublin, Ireland (as the case may be). This amendment is not made in respect of any ISDA Master Agreement entered into with a prime brokerage client.	Party B specifies the following place(s) for the purposes of the definition of Local Business Day as it applies to it: Dublin-London , New York, Singapore, Tokyo.	As BBI is located in Dublin, references to London in a Local Business Day definition shall be updated to refer to Dublin business days instead of London. This amendment is not made in respect of any ISDA Master Agreement entered into with a prime brokerage client. In respect of a derivatives transaction entered into under an ISDA Master Agreement, this general amendment of the Local Business Day Definition to Ireland shall not apply to a confirmation where the reference to London relates to the underlying asset, benchmark (e.g. LIBOR), index (e.g. FTSE 100), reference rate or reference asset (e.g. gilts) (as applicable) for such transaction.
General Amendment 4	Provisions relating to the bail-in powers of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) are added.	Article 55 of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) 1. Notwithstanding any other terms of the agreement or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding between the parties, each party acknowledges and accepts that	Under Article 55 of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD), EU firms such as BBI are required to include a contractual term in non-EU law governed contracts which render relevant liabilities subject to the

to the extent that a party is subject to an Article 55 Requirement, any liability of that party under or in connection with the agreement may be subject to Bail-In Action by the relevant Resolution Authority and acknowledges and accepts to be bound by the effect of: regulators' bail-in powers should the counterparty become a failing institution. The contractual term must include an acknowledgement and acceptance that the in-scope entity's liability may be subject to the bail-in powers of the BRRD.
1.1 any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability, including (without limitation): (a) a reduction, in full or in part, in the principal amount, or outstanding amount due (including any accrued but unpaid interest) in respect of any such liability: This is unlikely to have been included in many (if any) ISDA Master Agreements entered into by BBPLC or BCSL given English law is currently an EU law. Upon the UK's exit from the EU however the inclusion of such provisions will be necessary in English law contracts.
(b) a conversion of all, or part of, any such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership that may be issued to, or conferred on, it; and (c) a cancellation of any such liability; and
agreement to the extent necessary to give effect to any

	Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability.
	For the purposes of section 1:
	"Article 55 Requirement" means a requirement under any applicable Bail-In Legislation to obtain from its counterparties contractual recognition of Bail-In Action;
	"Bail-In Action" means the exercise of any Write-down and Conversion Powers;
	"Bail-In Legislation" means:
	(a) in relation to Ireland, the European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2015 (S.I. No. 289/2015);
	(b) in relation to Austria, the Austrian Federal Law on the Restructuring and Resolution of Banks (Bundesgesetz über die Sanierung under Abwicklung von Banken) and any other law or regulation applicable in Austria relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions
	or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation, administration

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		(Geschäftsaufsicht) or	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	(c)	in relation to Belgium, the law	
	<u>(C)</u>	of 25 April on the status and	
		institutions, and any other law	
		or regulation relating to the	
		transposition of Directive	
		2014/59/EU under Belgian	
		law;	
	(d)	in relation to Bulgaria, the	
	(4)	Recovery and Resolution of	
		Credit Institutions and	
		(promulgated, State Gazette	
		Issue No. 62 of 2015) and any	
		other law or regulation	
		applicable in Bulgaria relating	
		to the recovery and resolution	
		of unsound or failing banks,	
		investment firms or other	
		financial institutions or their	
		affiliates (otherwise than	
		through liquidation,	
		administration or insolvency	
		proceedings);	
		proceedings);	
	<u>(e)</u>	in relation to Croatia, the	
		Croatian Act on Resolution of	
		Credit Institutions and	
		Investment Firms (Zakon o	
		sanaciji kreditaih institucija i	
		investicijskih društava)	
		(Official Gazette 19/2015) and	
		any other law or regulation	
		applicable in Croatia relating	
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		to the resolution of unsound or	

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			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			special administration or	
			insolvency proceedings);	
			insorvency proceedings);	
		(2)	:1-4: 4- C 41	
		<u>(f)</u>	in relation to Cyprus, the	
			Resolution of Credit	
			<u>Institutions</u> and <u>Investment</u>	
			Firms Law of 2016, Law No.	
			22(1)/2016 and any other law	
			applicable in the Republic of	
			Cyprus relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks or other financial	
			institutions (otherwise than	
			through liquidation,	
			administration or insolvency	
			proceedings), including the	
			EU Regulation No. 806/2014;	
		<u>(g)</u>	in relation to the Czech	
			Republic, the Czech Act No.	
			374/2015 Coll. And any other	
			law or regulation applicable in	
			the Czech Republic relating to	
			the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(h)</u>	in relation to Denmark, Danish	
			Act No. 333 of 31 March 2015	
			on the restructuring and	
			winding-up of credit	
			winding-up of cicuit	

		institutions and investment	
		firms, Chapter 17a of the	
		Danish Act on Financial	
		Business, Consolidated Act	
		no. 182 of 18 February 2015	
		and any executive order or	
		guidance rules issued pursuant	
		thereto;	
	<u>(i)</u>	in relation to Estonia, the	
		Financial Crisis Prevention	
		and Resolution Act of Estonia,	
		the Reorganisation Act of	
		Estonia and any other law or	
		regulation applicable in	
		Estonia relating to the	
		resolution of unsound or	
		failing bank, investment firms	
		or other financial institution or	
		their affiliates (otherwise than	
		through liquidation.	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	<u>(j)</u>	in relation to Finland, the Act	
		on Procedure for the	
		Resolution of Credit	
		Institutions and Investment	
		Firms (laki luottolaitosten ja	
		sijoituspalveluyritysten	
		kriisinratkaisuta, 1194/2014)	
		and any other law or regulation	
		applicable in Finland relating	
		to the resolution of unsound or	
		<u>failing banks, investment firms</u>	
		or other financial institution or	
		their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation,	
		-	
		administration or other	

		applicable insolvency	
		proceedings);	
		proceedings),	
	(k)	in relation to France,	
	<u>(K)</u>		
		Ordinance no. 2015-1024 of	
		20 August 2015 as it may be	
		-	
		superseded, and any other law	
		or regulation relating to the	
		transposition of Directive	
		2014/59/EU under French law;	
		2014/39/EO under French law,	
	(1)	in relation to Germany, (i) the	
	(1)		
		Recovery and Resolution Act	
		(Sanierungs- und	
		Abwicklungsgesetz, "SAG")	
		which implements Directive	
		2014/59/EU and (ii)	
		Regulation (EU) No 806/2014;	
	<u>(m)</u>	in relation to Greece, Law	
		3864/2010 and Article 2 of	
		implementing Law 4335/2015	
		and any other law or regulation	
		applicable in Greece relating	
		to the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	<u>(n)</u>	in relation to Hungary, Act	
	(11)		
		XXXVII of 2014 on the	
		improvement of the	
		<u>institutional</u> <u>system</u>	
		strengthening the security of	
		certain participants of the	

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		financial intermediary system	
		and any other law or regulation	
		implementing the provisions	
		of such act or Directive	
		2014/59/EU establishing a	
		framework for the recovery	
		and resolution of credit	
		institutions and investment	
		firms;	
		1111115,	
	(0)	in relation to Italy, the Italian	
	(0)	Legislative Decrees no. 180	
		and 181 of 16 November 2015	
		<u>(as implemented and</u>	
		integrated from time to time)	
		relating to the resolution of	
		banks, banking group	
		companies, credit institutions,	
		investment firms or financial	
		institutions, or any of their	
		affiliates;	
	<u>(p)</u>	in relation to Latvia, the Law	
	<u> </u>	on Recovery and Resolution of	
		Credit Institutions and	
		Investment Brokerage Firms	
		and any other regulation	
		applicable in Latvia relating to	
		the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		<u>administration</u> <u>or other</u>	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	<u>(q)</u>	in relation to Lithuania, the	
		Law on Financial	
		Sustainability of the Republic	

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			of Lithuania of 22 July 2009	
			No. XI-393 and any other law	
			or regulation applicable in	
			Lithuania relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(r)</u>	in relation to Luxembourg, the	
			Luxembourg law of 5 April	
			1993 on the financial sector	
			and the Luxembourg law of 18	
			December 2015 on the default	
			of credit institutions and	
			certain investment firms and	
			any other law or regulation, or	
			circulars applicable in	
			Luxembourg relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(s)</u>	in relation to Malta, Legal	
			Notice 301 of 2015 referred to	
			as the Recovery and	
			Resolution Regulations 2015;	
		(t)	in relation to the Netherlands,	
		(1)	the Dutch BRRD	
L			(Implementatiewet Europees	

		<u>kader voor herstel en</u>	
		afwikkeling van banken en	
		beleggingsondernemingen)	
		and any other law or regulation	
		applicable in the Netherlands	
		relating to the resolution of	
		unsound or failing banks,	
		investment firms or other	
		financial institutions or their	
		affiliates (otherwise than	
		through liquidation,	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	<u>(u)</u>	in relation to Poland, the Act	
		dated 10 June 2016 on the	
		Bank Guarantee Fund, the	
		Deposit Guarantee Scheme	
		and Mandatory Restructuring	
		and any other law or regulation	
		applicable in Poland relating to	
		the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceeding);	
		msorvency proceeding,	
	<u>(v)</u>	in relation to Portugal, Title	
	<u>(V)</u>	VIII of the Portuguese Legal	
		Framework of Credit	
		Institution and Financial	
		Companies, approved by	
		Decree-Law No. 298/92, of 31	
		December 1992, as amended	
		by Law No. 66/2015, of 6 July	
		2015 and Decree-Law No.	
		199/2006 of 14 August 2006,	

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			as amended by Law No. 23-	
			A/2015, of 26 March 2015, and any other law or regulation	
			applicable in Portugal relating	
			to the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(w)</u>	in relation to Romania, the	
			Romanian Law no. 312/2015	
			on the recovery and resolution	
			of credit institutions and investment firms and	
			investment firms and amending and supplementing	
			certain legislative acts relevant	
			for the financial sector and any	
			other law or regulation	
			applicable in Romania relating	
			to the resolution of unsound or	
			failing credit institutions,	
			investment firms or their	
			affiliates (otherwise than	
			through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(x)</u>	in relation to Slovakia, the	
		<u>(A)</u>	Slovak Act No. 371/2014	
			Coll., on resolution of crisis	
			situations in the financial	
			markets;	
				
		<u>(y)</u>	in relation to Slovenia, the	
			Slovenian Banking Act-2	
			(Official Gazette No.	

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			<u>25/2015), the Slovenian</u>	
			Banking Act-1 (Official	
			Gazette No. 99/10) and any	
			other law or regulation	
			applicable in Slovenia relating	
			to the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
			msorvency proceedings),	
			to outstan as god at	
		<u>(z)</u>	in relation to Spain, the	
			Spanish Law 11/2015, of 18	
			June, on Restructuring and	
			Resolution of Credit	
			<u>Institutions</u> and <u>Investment</u>	
			Firms and any other law or	
			regulation applicable in Spain	
			relating to the resolution of	
			unsound or failing banks,	
			investment firms or other	
			financial institutions or their	
			affiliates (otherwise than	
			through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings); and	
			mooremey proceedings, and	
		(aa)	in relation to Sweden, the	
		(44)	Swedish Resolution Act 2015	
			(Sw.lag (2015:1016) om	
			resolution) and the Swedish	
			Financial Supervisory	
			Authority's regulations FFFS	
			2016:6 (Sw.	
			<u>Finansinspektionens</u>	
			föreskrifter (2016:6) om	
			återhämtningsplaner,	

koncernåterhämtningsplaner och avtal om finansiellt stöd inom koncerner) applicable to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their Swedish affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation, reorganisation or bankruptcy proceedings);
"EEA Member Country" means any country which is a party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area;
"Resolution Authority" means the Central Bank of Ireland or any successor entity, or any other authority in an EEA Member Country with the power to exercise the Write-down and Conversion Powers;
"Write-down and Conversion Powers" means: (a) in relation to any EEA
Member Country, any write- down, conversion, transfer, modification or suspension power existing from time to time under, and exercised in compliance with, any law or regulation in effect in the relevant EEA Member Country, relating to the transposition of Directive 2014/59/EU establishing a

Reference	Description of change	Reflection of change in the CSA (for illustrative purposes only)	Explanation
	SUMMARY OF O	CHANGES – ISDA CREDIT SUPPORT ANNEX (CSA)
		have been exercised.	
		firm may be deemed to	
		bank or investment	
		of a bank or investment firm or affiliate of a	
		governing an obligation	
		(ii) any right in a contract	
		period); and	
		person (or suspended for a temporary	
		entity or any other	
		securities or other obligations of such	
		shares, other	
		<u>cancelled</u> , <u>modified</u> or <u>converted</u> into	
		firm can be reduced,	
		<u>firm or affiliate of a</u> <u>bank or investment</u>	
		bank or investment	
		(i) any obligation of a	
		pursuant to which:	
		<u>instruments</u> , <u>rules</u> <u>and</u> <u>standards created thereunder</u> ,	
		(EU) No 806/2014 and the	
		firms, including the Bail-In Legislation and Regulation	
		institutions and investment	
		and resolution of credit	

General Amendment 1.1	References to BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable) or "Bank", shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to BBI.		Barclays Bank <u>Ireland</u> PLC ("Party B")	References to either BBPLC or BCSL shall be substituted with references to BBI.
Specific Amendment 2.2(i)	If the currencies of the member states of the European Union are specified as being an eligible currency for the purposes of the eligibility of securities or collateral under a CSA, pounds sterling shall also be added as an eligible currency and shall (if applicable) have the same valuation percentage.	(a)	(i) "Base Currency" means [•]. (ii) "Eligible Currency" means the Base Currency, the currencies of the member states of the European Union and Pounds Sterling.	A CSA will specify which currencies and/or securities are eligible to be delivered under such CSA as collateral. While we believe the actual number of cases to be limited, there may be instances in a CSA where it is specified that (a) 'the currencies of the member states of the European Union' generally are eligible for collateral (rather than listing out each such currency or selecting certain EU currencies) or (b) the 'debt obligations issued by member states of the European Union' generally are eligible for collateral (rather than listing out debt obligations of each such country or selecting debt obligations of each such country or selecting debt obligations of certain EU countries). In either case, if this general language appears in a CSA, the result is that pounds sterling and/or debt securities issued by the United Kingdom would currently be eligible collateral in such CSA as a result of the United Kingdom being a

member state of the European Union.

To cater for this limited scenario. an amendment is included in the Part VII Scheme which provides for (1) pounds sterling to continue to be an Eligible Currency and (2) UK gilts to continue to be eligible under such CSA after the UK's exit from the EU notwithstanding the UK ceasing to be an EU member state. Please note, the intent of this provision is to keep clients in the same position as they are today. It is not intended to increase the types of collateral used by the parties as compared to what is currently eligible. For example, in cases where there are additional restrictions placed government bond collateral which disqualify gilts (e.g. must be denominated in EUR), gilts will remain ineligible.

In the CSA, a valuation percentage will be specified for each eligible currency (effectively specifying the 'haircut' that such

			currency is subject to when delivered as collateral). Upon pounds sterling becoming specified explicitly in the relevant CSA as an eligible currency, it shall be given the same valuation percentage as applied to it under the existing CSA where it was not specified explicitly but fell within a generic definition of 'the currencies of the member states of the European Union'.
Specific Amendment 2.2(ii)	If debt obligations issued by member states of the European Union (howsoever expressed) are specified as being eligible securities, eligible collateral or eligible credit support (howsoever expressed) for the purpose of determining the types of securities that are eligible to be transferred under a CSA (as collateral or otherwise), equivalent debt obligations issued by the United Kingdom shall be added as eligible securities, eligible collateral or eligible credit support and shall have the same valuation percentage.	Negotiable debt obligations issued by governments of the member states of the European Union or the United Kingdom having a residual maturity on such date of less than [•] years.	A CSA will specify which currencies and/or securities are eligible to be delivered under such CSA as collateral. While we believe the actual number of cases to be limited, there may be instances in a CSA where it is specified that (a) 'the currencies of the member states of the European Union' generally are eligible for collateral (rather than listing out each such currency or selecting certain EU currencies) or (b) the 'debt obligations issued by member states of the European Union' generally are eligible for

collateral (rather than listing out debt obligations of each such country or selecting debt obligations of certain EU countries). In either case, if this general language appears in a CSA, the result is that pounds sterling and/or debt securities issued by the United Kingdom would currently be eligible collateral in such CSA as a result of the United Kingdom being a member state of the European Union.

> To cater for this limited scenario. an amendment is included in the Part VII Scheme which provides for (1) pounds sterling to continue to be an Eligible Currency and (2) UK gilts to continue to be eligible under such CSA after the UK's exit from the EU notwithstanding the UK ceasing to be an EU member state. Please note, the intent of this provision is to keep clients in the same position as they are today. It is not intended to increase the types of collateral used by the parties as compared to what is currently eligible. For example, in cases

				where there are additional restrictions placed on government bond collateral which disqualify gilts (e.g. must be denominated in EUR), gilts will remain ineligible. In the CSA, a valuation percentage is specified for each type of eligible security (effectively specifying the 'haircut' that such security is subject to when delivered as collateral). Upon gilts becoming specified explicitly in the relevant CSA as an eligible security, they shall be given the same valuation percentage as applied to them under the existing CSA where they were not specified explicitly but fell within a generic definition of 'debt obligations issued by member states of the European Union'.
General Amendment	Account details of BBPLC or BCSL in a CSA shall be construed as a reference to such account	GBP CASH		Any account details of either BBPLC or BCSL shall be
1.6	details as BBI shall specify.	Account With:	[Barclays Bank PLC London•]	substituted with such account details as BBI shall specify.

		Beneficiary:	[BARCGB2 2•]	[Barclays Head Office SWAPS•]	
		IBAN No:	[GB 46 BARC 200000 00152021•]		
		Reference:	[COLLATE RAL•]		
General Amendment 1.23 Specific Amendment 2.5(b)	References to London, England or the UK or to dates on which commercial banks are open for business in London, England or the UK in any definition of "Local Business Day" or "Business Day" or similar shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to Dublin, Ireland or to dates on which commercial banks are open for business in Dublin, Ireland (as the case may be). This amendment is not made in respect of any CSA entered into with a prime brokerage client. If London, England or the UK or dates on which commercial banks are open for business in London, England or the UK were specified as a "Valuation Date" or "Valuation Date Location" in respect of BBPLC or BCSL, this shall be replaced with Dublin, Ireland or dates on which commercial banks are open for business in Dublin, Ireland (as the case may be) in respect of BBI only. If London, England or the UK or dates on which commercial banks are open for	T T "] B w fo	Valuation Date ime", "Notifica Resolution To usiness Day" shadhich commercia or business (inclusive exchange arrency deposition on purposes of Valuation Date", ocation" shall exchich commercia or business (inclusive exchange arrency depubliched on in wall and in the commercia or business (inclusive exchange arrency depubliched on in wall and in the commercial or business (inclusive exchange arrency depubliched on in wall and in the commercial or business (inclusive exchange arrency depubliched on in wall and in wall	he definitions of e", "Valuation tion Time" and time", "Local all mean a day on all banks are open uding dealings in the and foreign ts) in Dublin the definition of "Valuation Date mean a day on all banks are open uding dealings in the and foreign eposits) in relation to Party and and [•]] in 3.	As BBI is located in Dublin, references to London in a Local Business Day/ Valuation Time/Resolution Time definition are updated to refer to the Dublin provided that in respect of a Valuation Date definition a reference to London is only changed to Dublin in respect of BBI. This amendment is not made in respect of any CSA entered into with a prime brokerage client.

	business in London, England or the UK were specified as a "Valuation Date" or "Valuation Date Location" in respect of the counterparty, London, England or the UK or dates on which commercial banks are open for business in London, England or the UK (as the case may be) shall remain specified in respect of the counterparty. SUMMARY OF CHANGES - GL	OBAL MASTER REPURCHASE AGR	EEMENT (GMRA)
Reference	Description of change	Reflection of change in the GMRA (for illustrative purposes only)	Explanation
General Amendment 1.2	References to BBPLC and BCSL and each entity's company registration details, VAT number and contact details shall be amended to refer to the equivalent details of BBI.	BARCLAYS BANK IRELAND PLC (Party A) a company incorporated under the laws of England Ireland whose registered office is at One Molesworth Street, Dublin 2, Ireland, D02 RF29, 1-Churchill Place, Canary Wharf, London E14-5HP [] acting through one or more Designated Offices	BBI is not incorporated in the United Kingdom and is not subject to the rules, regulations or laws of England and Wales. References to either BBPLC or BCSL and its registration details shall be substituted with references to BBI.
General Amendment 1.13	Any reference to BBPLC or BCSL's office or location out of which it may act as being in London, England, UK shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to BBI's registered office in Dublin, Ireland.	(a) paragraph 2(p). Party A's Designated Offices: London Dublin	References to an office out of which BBI can act being in London shall be substituted with a reference to it being in Dublin.
Specific Amendment 2.3(a)	In addition, if any branches or offices of BBPLC or BCSL were specified as 'Designated Offices' in addition to the head office, such additional branches or offices shall be deleted.		BBI will not have the same branch network as BBPLC and therefore will not enter into transactions out of different branches.

General Amendment 1.12	Any address and contact details for notices to be given to BBPLC or BCSL or to notices being given to BBPLC or BCSL at its main establishment, registered office, main office, registered place of business or similar being located in London, England, UK shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to BBI's address, and contact details or, as the case may be, BBI's main establishment, registered office, main office, registered place of business or similar being located in Dublin, Ireland, except that in relation to the delivery of an early
	termination notice to BBI only, such early termination notice shall also be required to be copied to the current address and contact details
	of BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable).

(i) Address for notices and other communications for Party A –

Address:

Barclays
Bank
PLCBarclays
Bank Ireland
One
Molesworth
Street

Dublin 2 Ireland D02

RF29

5 The North Colonnade Canary Wharf London E14

4BB

Attention: Legal

Director[_]

Telephone: [_]+44 (0)20

7773 0188

Facsimile: ______+44__(0)20

7773 4932

Provided That any notice which has the effect of terminating one or more Transactions prior to its scheduled termination date shall also be copied to Barclays Bank PLC at 5 The North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London E14 4BB (Attention: Legal Director)

References to either BBPLC or BCSL and to its address and contact details for notices shall be substituted with references to BBI and to BBI's address and contact details. Any early termination notice to BBI shall also be required to be copied to the current address and contact details of BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable).

General Amendment 3.1	Amendments shall be made to include the irrevocable appointment by BBI of BBPLC as its agent to accept service of process in England for any disputes arising under or in connection therewith.	(b) paragraph17. For the purposes of paragraph 17 of this Agreement - (i) Party A appoints as its agent for service of process: not applicable.Barclays Bank PLC	As UK Companies, BBPLC and BCSL did not need to appoint a process agent in order for documents to be served on them in the UK. BBI is not a UK company, so BBPLC will be appointed as BBI's process agent to accept correspondence in respect of any disputes that arise under or in connection with the GMRA.
General Amendment 4	Provisions relating to the bail-in powers of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) are added.	Article 55 of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) 1. Notwithstanding any other terms of the agreement or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding between the parties, each party acknowledges and accepts that to the extent that a party is subject to an Article 55 Requirement, any liability of that party under or in connection with the agreement may be subject to Bail-In Action by the relevant Resolution Authority and acknowledges and accepts to be bound by the effect of: 1.1 any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability, including (without limitation):	Under Article 55 of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD), EU firms such as BBI are required to include a contractual term in non-EU law governed contracts which render relevant liabilities subject to the regulators' bail-in powers should the counterparty become a failing institution. The contractual term must include an acknowledgement and acceptance that the in-scope entity's liability may be subject to the bail-in powers of the BRRD. This is unlikely to have been included in many (if any) GMRAs entered into by BBPLC or BCSL given English law is currently an

(b) a conversion of all, or part of, any such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership that may be issued to, or conferred on, it; and (c) a cancellation of any such liability; and (e) a variation of any terms of the agreement to the extent necessary to give effect to any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability. For the purposes of section 1; "Article 55 Requirement" means a requirement under any applicable Bail-In Legislation to obtain from its counterparties contractual recognition of Bail-In Action; "Bail-In Action" means the exercise of	(a) a reduction, in full or in part, in the principal amount, or outstanding amount due (including any accrued but unpaid interest) in respect of any such liability; EU law. Upon the UK's exit from the EU however the inclusion of such provisions will be necessary in English law contracts.
1.2 a variation of any terms of the agreement to the extent necessary to give effect to any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability. For the purposes of section 1: "Article 55 Requirement" means a requirement under any applicable Bail- In Legislation to obtain from its counterparties contractual recognition of Bail-In Action;	part of, any such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership that may be issued to, or conferred on, it; and (c) a cancellation of any
requirement under any applicable Bail- In Legislation to obtain from its counterparties contractual recognition of Bail-In Action;	1.2 a variation of any terms of the agreement to the extent necessary to give effect to any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability.
any Write-down and Conversion	requirement under any applicable Bail- In Legislation to obtain from its counterparties contractual recognition of Bail-In Action; "Bail-In Action" means the exercise of

	"Bail-In Legislation" means:
	(a) in relation to Ireland, the European Union (Bank Recovery and Resolution) Regulations 2015 (S.I. No. 289/2015);
	(b) in relation to Austria, the Austrian Federal Law on the Restructuring and Resolution of Banks (Bundesgesetz über die Sanierung under Abwicklung von Banken) and any other law or regulation applicable in Austria relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation, administration (Geschäftsaufsicht) or
	insolvency proceedings); (c) in relation to Belgium, the law of 25 April on the status and supervision of credit institutions, and any other law or regulation relating to the transposition of Directive 2014/59/EU under Belgian law;
	(d) in relation to Bulgaria, the Recovery and Resolution of Credit Institutions and Investment Firms Act

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			(promulgated, State Gazette	
			Issue No. 62 of 2015) and any	
			other law or regulation	
			applicable in Bulgaria relating	
			to the recovery and resolution	
			of unsound or failing banks,	
			investment firms or other	
			financial institutions or their	
			affiliates (otherwise than	
			through liquidation.	
			administration or insolvency	
			proceedings);	
		<u>(e)</u>	in relation to Croatia, the	
			Croatian Act on Resolution of	
			Credit Institutions and	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o	
			sanaciji kreditaih institucija i	
			investicijskih društava)	
			(Official Gazette 19/2015) and	
			-	
			any other law or regulation	
			applicable in Croatia relating	
			to the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			special administration or	
			insolvency proceedings);	
			msorvency proceedings,	
		(f)	in volation to Crowns the	
		<u>(f)</u>	in relation to Cyprus, the	
			Resolution of Credit	
			<u>Institutions</u> and <u>Investment</u>	
			Firms Law of 2016, Law No.	
			22(1)/2016 and any other law	
			applicable in the Republic of	
			Cyprus relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks or other financial	
			Tarring burnes of outer illiancial	

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			institutions (otherwise than	
			through liquidation,	
			administration or insolvency	
			proceedings), including the	
			EU Regulation No. 806/2014;	
			Be Regulation 110. 000/2011;	
		(2)	in relation to the Creek	
		<u>(g)</u>	in relation to the Czech	
			Republic, the Czech Act No.	
			374/2015 Coll. And any other	
			law or regulation applicable in	
			the Czech Republic relating to	
			the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
			insorvency proceedings);	
		/d >		
		<u>(h)</u>	in relation to Denmark, Danish	
			Act No. 333 of 31 March 2015	
			on the restructuring and	
			winding-up of credit	
			institutions and investment	
			firms, Chapter 17a of the	
			Danish Act on Financial	
			Business, Consolidated Act	
			no. 182 of 18 February 2015	
			and any executive order or	
			guidance rules issued pursuant	
			thereto;	
		<u>(i)</u>	in relation to Estonia, the	
			Financial Crisis Prevention	
			and Resolution Act of Estonia,	
			the Reorganisation Act of	
			Estonia and any other law or	
			regulation applicable in	
			Estonia relating to the	
			Datoma relating to the	

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				resolution of unsound or	
				failing bank, investment firms	
				or other financial institution or	
				their affiliates (otherwise than	
				through liquidation,	
				administration or other	
				insolvency proceedings);	
			<u>(j)</u>	in relation to Finland, the Act	
				on Procedure for the	
				Resolution of Credit	
				Institutions and Investment	
				Firms (laki luottolaitosten ja	
				sijoituspalveluyritysten	
				kriisinratkaisuta, 1194/2014)	
				and any other law or regulation	
				applicable in Finland relating	
				to the resolution of unsound or	
				<u>failing banks, investment firms</u>	
				or other financial institution or	
				their affiliates (otherwise than	
				through liquidation,	
				<u>administration</u> or <u>other</u>	
				applicable insolvency	
				proceedings);	
			(1-)	in relation to E	
			<u>(k)</u>	in relation to France,	
				Ordinance no. 2015-1024 of 20 August 2015 as it may be	
				superseded, and any other law	
				or regulation relating to the transposition of Directive	
				2014/59/EU under French law;	
				2014/39/EU under French law;	
			(1)	in relation to Commons. (i) the	
			<u>(1)</u>	in relation to Germany, (i) the Recovery and Resolution Act	
				(Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz, "SAG")	
				which implements Directive	

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			2014/59/EU and (ii)	
			Regulation (EU) No 806/2014;	
		(m)	in relation to Greece, Law	
			3864/2010 and Article 2 of	
			implementing Law 4335/2015	
			and any other law or regulation	
			applicable in Greece relating	
			to the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
			msorvency proceedings),	
		<u>(n)</u>	in relation to Hungary, Act	
			XXXVII of 2014 on the	
			improvement of the	
			institutional system	
			strengthening the security of	
			certain participants of the	
			financial intermediary system	
			and any other law or regulation	
			implementing the provisions	
			of such act or Directive	
			2014/59/EU establishing a	
			framework for the recovery	
			and resolution of credit	
			institutions and investment	
			firms;	
			<u> </u>	
		(o)	in relation to Italy, the Italian	
		(0)		
			Legislative Decrees no. 180	
			and 181 of 16 November 2015	
			(as implemented and	
			integrated from time to time)	
			relating to the resolution of	
			banks, banking group	

		companies, credit institutions,	
		investment firms or financial	
		institutions, or any of their	
		affiliates;	
		arrinates,	
	<u>(p)</u>	in relation to Latvia, the Law	
		on Recovery and Resolution of	
		Credit Institutions and	
		Investment Brokerage Firms	
		and any other regulation	
		applicable in Latvia relating to	
		the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	<u>(q)</u>	in relation to Lithuania, the	
		Law on Financial	
		Sustainability of the Republic	
		of Lithuania of 22 July 2009	
		No. XI-393 and any other law	
		or regulation applicable in	
		Lithuania relating to the	
		resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
			
	<u>(r)</u>	in relation to Luxembourg, the	
	<u> </u>	Luxembourg law of 5 April	
		1993 on the financial sector	
		and the Luxembourg law of 18	
		December 2015 on the default	

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			of credit institutions and	
			certain investment firms and	
			any other law or regulation, or	
			circulars applicable in	
			Luxembourg relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation.	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(s)</u>	in relation to Malta, Legal	
			Notice 301 of 2015 referred to	
			as the Recovery and	
			Resolution Regulations 2015;	
			resolution regulations 2010;	
		(t)	in relation to the Netherlands,	
		<u>(t)</u>	the Dutch BRRD	
			Implementation Act	
			(Implementatiewet Europees	
			<u>kader voor herstel en</u>	
			afwikkeling van banken en	
			<u>beleggingsondernemingen)</u>	
			and any other law or regulation	
			applicable in the Netherlands	
			relating to the resolution of	
			unsound or failing banks,	
			investment firms or other	
			financial institutions or their	
			affiliates (otherwise than	
			through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(u)</u>	in relation to Poland, the Act	
			dated 10 June 2016 on the	
			Bank Guarantee Fund, the	

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			Deposit Guarantee Scheme	
			and Mandatory Restructuring	
			and any other law or regulation	
			applicable in Poland relating to	
			the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			insolvency proceeding);	
		<u>(v)</u>	in relation to Portugal, Title	
			VIII of the Portuguese Legal	
			<u>Framework</u> of <u>Credit</u>	
			Institution and Financial	
			Companies, approved by	
			Decree-Law No. 298/92, of 31	
			December 1992, as amended	
			by Law No. 66/2015, of 6 July	
			2015 and Decree-Law No.	
			199/2006 of 14 August 2006,	
			as amended by Law No. 23-	
			A/2015, of 26 March 2015,	
			and any other law or regulation	
			applicable in Portugal relating	
			to the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		(w)	in relation to Romania, the	
		(** /	Romanian Law no. 312/2015	
			on the recovery and resolution	
L			investment firms and	

	I		
		amending and supplementing	
		certain legislative acts relevant	
		for the financial sector and any	
		other law or regulation	
		applicable in Romania relating	
		to the resolution of unsound or	
		failing credit institutions,	
		investment firms or their	
		affiliates (otherwise than	
		through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	<u>(x)</u>	in relation to Slovakia, the	
		Slovak Act No. 371/2014	
		Coll., on resolution of crisis	
		situations in the financial	
		markets;	
	(y)	in relation to Slovenia, the	
	<u>(y)</u>	Slovenian Banking Act-2	
		Official Gazette No.	
		Banking Act-1 (Official	
		Gazette No. 99/10) and any	
		other law or regulation	
		applicable in Slovenia relating	
		to the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	(z)	in relation to Spain, the	
	<u>(L)</u>	Spanish Law 11/2015, of 18	
		June, on Restructuring and	
		Resolution of Credit	

Institutions and Investment
Firms and any other law or
regulation applicable in Spain
relating to the resolution of
unsound or failing banks,
investment firms or other
<u>financial institutions or their</u>
<u>affiliates</u> (otherwise than
through liquidation,
<u>administration</u> <u>or other</u>
insolvency proceedings); and
(aa) in relation to Sweden, the
Swedish Resolution Act 2015
(Sw.lag (2015:1016) om resolution) and the Swedish
Financial Supervisory
Authority's regulations FFFS
2016:6 (Sw.
Finansinspektionens
föreskrifter (2016:6) om
återhämtningsplaner,
<u>koncernåterhämtningsplaner</u>
och avtal om finansiellt stöd
inom koncerner) applicable to
the resolution of unsound or
<u>failing banks, investment firms</u>
or other financial institutions
or their Swedish affiliates
(otherwise than through liquidation, reorganisation or
bankruptcy proceedings);
oankrupicy proceedings),
"EEA Member Country" means any
country which is a party to the
Agreement on the European Economic
Area;

"Resolution Authority" means the
Central Bank of Ireland or any
successor entity, or any other authority
in an EEA Member Country with the
power to exercise the Write-down and
Conversion Powers;
<u> </u>
"Write-down and Conversion
Powers" means:
rowers means.
(a) the substitute of the EEA
(a) in relation to any EEA
Member Country, any write-
down, conversion, transfer,
modification or suspension
power existing from time to
time under, and exercised in
compliance with, any law or
regulation in effect in the
relevant EEA Member
Country, relating to the
transposition of Directive
2014/59/EU establishing a
framework for the recovery
and resolution of credit
institutions and investment
firms, including the Bail-In
Legislation and Regulation
(EU) No 806/2014 and the
instruments, rules and
standards created thereunder,
pursuant to which:
parsuant to winch.
(i) any obligation of a
(i) any obligation of a
<u>bank or investment</u>
firm or affiliate of a
<u>bank or investment</u>
firm can be reduced,
<u>cancelled</u> , <u>modified</u>
or converted into

		shares, other securities or other obligations of such entity or any other person (or suspended for a temporary period); and (ii) -any right in a contract governing an obligation of a bank or investment firm or affiliate of a bank or investment firm may be deemed to have been exercised.	
	SUMMARY OF CHANGES - GLOBA	L MASTER SECURITIES LENDING A	GREEMENT (GMSLA)
Reference	Description of change	Reflection of change in the GMSLA (for illustrative purposes only)	Explanation
General Amendment 1.2	References to BBPLC and BCSL and each entity's company registration details, VAT number and contact details shall be amended to refer to the equivalent details of BBI.	BARCLAYS BANK IRELAND PLC (Party A) a company incorporated under the laws of England-Ireland whose registered office is at One Molesworth Street, Dublin 2, Ireland, D02 RF29,1 Churchill Place, Canary Wharf, London E14 5HP [] acting through one or more Designated Offices	BBI is not incorporated in the United Kingdom and is not subject to the rules, regulations or laws of England and Wales. References to either BBPLC or BCSL and its registration details shall be substituted with references to BBI.
	Any GMSLA (or, if relevant, any confirmation in respect of a transferring transaction entered into	Security/ Mark Margin Financial "X" if (%) Instrume acceptabl	A GMSLA will specify which currencies and/or securities are

Specific	under such GMSLA) shall be amended in the following circumstances:	of Currency	e form of Collateral		eligible to be delivered under such GMSLA as collateral.
Amendment 2.2(i)	(i) if the currencies of the EU member states are specified as being an eligible currency for the purposes of the eligibility of securities or collateral under such GMSLA, pounds sterling shall be added as an eligible currency. It shall also have the same valuation percentage; (ii) if debt obligations issued by the EU member	Cash in the currencies of the member states of the European Union and Pounds Sterling	X	[]	Whilst we believe the actual number of cases to be limited, there may be instances in a GMSLA where it is specified that (a) 'the currencies of the member states of the European Union' generally are eligible for collateral (rather than listing out
Specific Amendment 2.2(ii)	states are specified as being eligible for the purpose of determining the types of securities that are eligible to be transferred under such GMSLA, equivalent debt obligations issued by the UK shall be added. They shall also have the same valuation percentage.	G 10 Governmen t Debt Negotiable debt obligations issued by government s of the members states of the European Union or the United Kingdom	X		each such currency or selecting certain EU currencies) or (b) the 'debt obligations issued by member states of the European Union' generally are eligible for collateral (rather than listing out debt obligations of each such country or selecting debt obligations of certain EU countries). In either case, the result is that pounds sterling and/or debt securities issued by the United Kingdom would currently be eligible collateral in
		Equities	X	[]	such GMSLA as a result of the United Kingdom being a member state of the European Union. To cater for this limited scenario, an amendment is included in the Part VII Scheme which provides

for (1) pounds sterling to continue to be an Eligible Currency and (2) UK gilts to continue to be eligible under such GMSLA after the UK's exit from the EU. notwithstanding the UK ceasing to be an EU member state. Please note, the intent of this provision is to keep clients in the same position as they are today. It is not intended to increase the types of collateral used by the parties as compared to what is currently eligible. For example, in cases where there are additional restrictions placed on government bond collateral which disqualify gilts (e.g. must be denominated in EUR), gilts will remain ineligible. In the GMSLA, a Margin will be specified for eligible collateral (effectively specifying the 'haircut' that each type of collateral is subject to when delivered as collateral). Upon pounds sterling and/or gilts becoming specified explicitly in the relevant GMSLA as an eligible collateral, they shall be

			given the same Margin as applied to them under the existing GMSLA where they were not specified explicitly but fell within a generic definition referring to the European Union.
General Amendment 1.23	Any reference to London, England or the UK or to dates on which commercial banks are open for business in London, England or the UK in any definition of "Local Business Day" or "Business Day" or similar shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to Dublin, Ireland or to dates on which commercial banks are open for business in Dublin, Ireland (as the case may be) except that, where the relevant reference to London, England or the UK relates to an underlying asset, benchmark, index, reference rate or reference asset, that reference shall remain unchanged. This amendment is not made in respect of any GMSLA entered into with a prime brokerage client.	1. PLACES OF BUSINESS London Dublin	As BBI is located in Dublin, references to a place of business being in London shall be substituted with a reference to it being in Dublin. This amendment is not made in respect of any GMSLA entered into with a prime brokerage client.
General Amendment 1.12	Any address and contact details for notices to be given to BBPLC or BCSL or to notices being given to the BBPLC or BCSL at its main establishment, registered office, main office, registered place of business or similar being located in London, England, UK shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to BBI's address, and contact details or, as the case may be, BBI's main establishment, registered	(A) Designated office of Party A: Address for notices or communications to Party A: Address: Barclays Bank Ireland PLC One Molesworth Street	References to either BBPLC or BCSL and to its address and contact details for notices shall be substituted with references to BBI and to BBI's address and contact details. Any early termination notice to BBI shall also be required to be copied to the current address and contact details

Specific Amendment 2.3(a)	office, main office, registered place of business or similar being located in Dublin, Ireland, except that in relation to the delivery of an early termination notice to BBI only, such early termination notice shall also be required to be copied to the current address and contact details of BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable). In addition, if any branches or offices of BBPLC or BCSL were specified as 'Designated Offices' in addition to the head office, such additional branches or offices shall be deleted.	the effect of termination date s	5 The North Dublin 2 Ireland D02 RF29Colonna de Canary Wharf ondon E14 4BB Legal Director [•]+44(0)20 7773 2224 [•]+44(0)20 7773 4932 y notice which has nating one or more o its scheduled hall also be copied k PLC at 5 The	of BBPLC or BCSL (as applicable). BBI will not have the same branch network as BBPLC and therefore will not enter into transactions out of different branches.
General Amendment	Amendments shall be made to include the irrevocable appointment by BBI of BBPLC as its	North Colonnade London E14 4BB Director) Agent of Party A for Ser	e, Canary Wharf, (Attention: Legal rvice of Process	As UK Companies, BBPLC or BCSL did not need to appoint a
3.1	agent to accept service of process in England for any disputes arising under or in connection therewith.	Not Applicable Barclays	s Bank PLC	process agent in order for documents to be served on them in the UK. BBI is not a UK company, so BBPLC will be appointed as BBI's process agent

General Amendment 1.11	A reference to BBPLC or BCSL being incorporated under the laws of England and Wales shall be construed as, and take effect as, a reference to BBI being incorporated under the laws of Ireland.	1.1 Party A is a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales Ireland.	to accept correspondence in respect of any disputes that arise under or in connection with the GMSLA. BBI is not incorporated in the United Kingdom and is not subject to the rules, regulations or laws of England and Wales. Therefore, references to incorporation under the laws of England and Wales shall be substituted with references to incorporation under the laws of Ireland.
General Amendment 4	Provisions relating to the bail-in powers of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) are added.	4. Article 55 of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) 1. Notwithstanding any other terms of the agreement or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding between the parties, each party acknowledges and accepts that to the extent that a party is subject to an Article 55 Requirement, any liability of that party under or in connection with the agreement may be subject to Bail-In Action by the relevant Resolution Authority and	Under Article 55 of the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD), EU firms such as BBI are required to include a contractual term in non-EU law governed contracts which render relevant liabilities subject to the regulators' bail-in powers should the counterparty become a failing institution. The contractual term must include an acknowledgement and acceptance that the in-scope entity's liability

	acknowledges and accepts to be bound by the effect of:	may be subject to the bail-in powers of the BRRD.
	 any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability, including (without limitation): (a) a reduction, in full or in part, in the 	This is unlikely to have been included in many (if any) GMSLAs entered into by either BBPLC or BCSL given English law is currently an EU law. Upon
	principal amount, or outstanding amount due (including any accrued but unpaid interest) in respect of any such liability;	the UK's exit from the EU however the inclusion of such provisions will be necessary in
	(b) a conversion of all, or part of, any such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership that may be issued to, or conferred on, it; and	
	(c) a cancellation of any such liability; and	
	1.2 a variation of any terms of the agreement to the extent necessary to give effect to any Bail-In Action in relation to any such liability.	
	For the purposes of section 1:	
	"Article 55 Requirement" means a requirement under any applicable Bail- In Legislation to obtain from its	

counterparties contractual recognition of Bail-In Action;
"Bail-In Action" means the exercise of
any Write-down and Conversion
Powers;
"Bail-In Legislation" means:
(a) in relation to Ireland, the
European Union (Bank
Recovery and Resolution)
Regulations 2015 (S.I. No.
<u>289/2015);</u>
(b) in relation to Austria, the
Austrian Federal Law on the
Restructuring and Resolution
of Banks (Bundesgesetz über
<u>die Sanierung under</u>
Abwicklung von Banken) and
any other law or regulation applicable in Austria relating
to the resolution of unsound or
failing banks, investment firms
or other financial institutions
or their affiliates (otherwise
than through liquidation,
administration (Co. 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
(Geschäftsaufsicht) or insolvency proceedings);
insolvency proceedings),
(c) in relation to Belgium, the law
of 25 April on the status and
supervision of credit
institutions, and any other law
or regulation relating to the
transposition of Directive

	T	1		
			2014/59/EU under Belgian	
			law;	
		(1)	to outsite as Different at a	
		<u>(d)</u>	in relation to Bulgaria, the	
			Recovery and Resolution of	
			Credit Institutions and	
			Investment Firms Act	
			(promulgated, State Gazette	
			Issue No. 62 of 2015) and any	
			other law or regulation	
			applicable in Bulgaria relating	
			to the recovery and resolution	
			of unsound or failing banks,	
			investment firms or other	
			financial institutions or their	
			affiliates (otherwise than	
			through liquidation,	
			administration or insolvency	
			proceedings);	
		(e)	in relation to Croatia, the	
		(C)	Croatian Act on Resolution of	
			Condit Institutions	
			Credit Institutions and	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation,	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation, special administration or	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation,	
			Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation, special administration or insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(f)</u>	Investment Firms (Zakon o sanaciji kreditaih institucija i investicijskih društava) (Official Gazette 19/2015) and any other law or regulation applicable in Croatia relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise than through liquidation, special administration or	

Institutions and Investment Firms Law of 2016, Law No.
22(1)/2016 and any other law
applicable in the Republic of
Cyprus relating to the
resolution of unsound or failing banks or other financial
institutions (otherwise than
through liquidation,
administration or insolvency
proceedings), including the
EU Regulation No. 806/2014;
(g) in relation to the Czech
Republic, the Czech Act No.
374/2015 Coll. And any other
law or regulation applicable in
the Czech Republic relating to the resolution of unsound or
failing banks, investment firms
or other financial institutions
or their affiliates (otherwise
than through liquidation, administration or other
administration or other insolvency proceedings);
misorroney proceedings),
(h) in relation to Denmark, Danish
Act No. 333 of 31 March 2015
on the restructuring and winding-up of credit
institutions and investment
firms, Chapter 17a of the
Danish Act on Financial
Business, Consolidated Act
no. 182 of 18 February 2015 and any executive order or
guidance rules issued pursuant
thereto;

(i) in relation to Estonia, the
Financial Crisis Prevention
and Resolution Act of Estonia,
the Reorganisation Act of
Estonia and any other law or
<u>regulation</u> <u>applicable</u> <u>in</u>
Estonia relating to the
resolution of unsound or
<u>failing bank, investment firms</u>
or other financial institution or
their affiliates (otherwise than
through liquidation,
administration or other
insolvency proceedings);
(j) in relation to Finland, the Act
on Procedure for the
Resolution of Credit
Institutions and Investment
Firms (laki luottolaitosten ja
sijoituspalveluyritysten
kriisinratkaisuta, 1194/2014)
and any other law or regulation
applicable in Finland relating
to the resolution of unsound or
failing banks, investment firms
or other financial institution or
their affiliates (otherwise than
through liquidation,
administration or other
applicable insolvency
proceedings);
<u> </u>
(k) in relation to France,
Ordinance no. 2015-1024 of
20 August 2015 as it may be
superseded, and any other law
or regulation relating to the
or regulation relating to the

	1		
		transposition of Directive 2014/59/EU under French law;	
	<u>(1)</u>	in relation to Germany, (i) the Recovery and Resolution Act	
		(Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz, "SAG")	
		which implements Directive	
		2014/59/EU and (ii) Regulation (EU) No 806/2014;	
	(m)	in relation to Greece, Law	
	<u>(m)</u>	3864/2010 and Article 2 of	
		implementing Law 4335/2015 and any other law or regulation	
		applicable in Greece relating to the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation, administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
	(n)	in relation to Hungary, Act	
		XXXVII of 2014 on the improvement of the	
		institutional system	
		strengthening the security of certain participants of the	
		financial intermediary system and any other law or regulation	
		implementing the provisions	
		of such act or Directive 2014/59/EU establishing a	
		framework for the recovery and resolution of credit	
	<u> </u>	and resolution of cledit	

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			institutions and investment	
			firms;	
		<u>(o)</u>	in relation to Italy, the Italian	
		(0)	Legislative Decrees no. 180	
			and 181 of 16 November 2015	
			(as implemented and	
			integrated from time to time)	
			relating to the resolution of	
			banks, banking group	
			companies, credit institutions,	
			investment firms or financial	
			institutions, or any of their	
			affiliates;	
			<u> </u>	
		<u>(p)</u>	in relation to Latvia, the Law	
		<u>(ħ)</u>	on Recovery and Resolution of	
			Credit Institutions and	
			Investment Brokerage Firms	
			and any other regulation	
			applicable in Latvia relating to	
			the resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
			msorvency proceedings),	
		(-)	to outsite as Tital cots ato	
		<u>(q)</u>	in relation to Lithuania, the	
			Law on Financial	
			Sustainability of the Republic	
			of Lithuania of 22 July 2009	
			No. XI-393 and any other law	
			or regulation applicable in	
			Lithuania relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			of other illiancial illistitutions	

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			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			administration or other	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		(r)	in relation to Luxembourg, the	
		(1)	Luxembourg law of 5 April	
			1993 on the financial sector	
			and the Luxembourg law of 18	
			December 2015 on the default	
			of credit institutions and	
			certain investment firms and	
			any other law or regulation, or	
			circulars applicable in	
			Luxembourg relating to the	
			resolution of unsound or	
			failing banks, investment firms	
			or other financial institutions	
			or their affiliates (otherwise	
			than through liquidation,	
			<u>administration</u> or <u>other</u>	
			insolvency proceedings);	
		<u>(s)</u>	in relation to Malta, Legal	
			Notice 301 of 2015 referred to	
			as the Recovery and	
			Resolution Regulations 2015;	
		<u>(t)</u>	in relation to the Netherlands,	
		<u>(t)</u>	the Dutch BRRD	
			(Implementatiewet Europees	
			<u>kader voor herstel en</u>	
			afwikkeling van banken en	
			<u>beleggingsondernemingen)</u>	
			and any other law or regulation	
			applicable in the Netherlands	
			relating to the resolution of	
			unsound or failing banks,	
			amound of failing balks,	

	investment firms or other
	financial institutions or their
	affiliates (otherwise than
	through liquidation,
	administration or other
	insolvency proceedings);
	msorvency proceedings/1
	(u) in relation to Poland, the Act
	dated 10 June 2016 on the
	Bank Guarantee Fund, the
	Deposit Guarantee Scheme
	and Mandatory Restructuring
	and any other law or regulation
	applicable in Poland relating to
	the resolution of unsound or
	<u>failing banks, investment firms</u>
	or other financial institutions
	or their affiliates (otherwise
	than through liquidation,
	administration or other
	insolvency proceeding);
	instructory processing,
	(v) in relation to Portugal, Title
	VIII of the Portuguese Legal
	Framework of Credit
	Institution and Financial
	Companies, approved by
	Decree-Law No. 298/92, of 31
	December 1992, as amended
	<u>by Law No. 66/2015, of 6 July</u>
	2015 and Decree-Law No.
	199/2006 of 14 August 2006,
	as amended by Law No. 23-
	<u>A/2015</u> , of 26 March 2015,
	and any other law or regulation
	applicable in Portugal relating
	to the resolution of unsound or
	failing banks, investment firms
	or other financial institutions

		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
		g-/,	
	(w)	in relation to Romania, the	
	(**)	Romanian Law no. 312/2015	
		on the recovery and resolution	
		•	
		of credit institutions and	
		investment firms and	
		amending and supplementing	
		certain legislative acts relevant	
		for the financial sector and any	
		other law or regulation	
		applicable in Romania relating	
		to the resolution of unsound or	
		failing credit institutions,	
		investment firms or their	
		affiliates (otherwise than	
		through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
		institution proceedings);	
	<u>(x)</u>	in relation to Slovakia, the	
	<u>(A)</u>	Slovak Act No. 371/2014	
		Coll., on resolution of crisis	
		situations in the financial	
		markets;	
	<u>(y)</u>	in relation to Slovenia, the	
		Slovenian Banking Act-2	
		(Official Gazette No.	
		25/2015), the Slovenian	
		Banking Act-1 (Official	
		Gazette No. 99/10) and any	
		other law or regulation	
		applicable in Slovenia relating	
		to the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		running bunks, myesunent mins	

		or other financial institutions	
		or their affiliates (otherwise	
		than through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings);	
		msorvency proceedings);	
	()		
	<u>(z)</u>	in relation to Spain, the	
		Spanish Law 11/2015, of 18	
		June, on Restructuring and	
		Resolution of Credit	
		Institutions and Investment	
		Firms and any other law or	
		regulation applicable in Spain	
		relating to the resolution of	
		unsound or failing banks,	
		investment firms or other	
		financial institutions or their	
		affiliates (otherwise than	
		through liquidation,	
		administration or other	
		insolvency proceedings); and	
	<u>(aa)</u>	in relation to Sweden, the	
		Swedish Resolution Act 2015	
		(Sw.lag (2015:1016) om	
		resolution) and the Swedish	
		Financial Supervisory	
		Authority's regulations FFFS	
		2016:6 (Sw.	
		Finansinspektionens	
		föreskrifter (2016:6) om	
		återhämtningsplaner,	
		koncernåterhämtningsplaner	
		och avtal om finansiellt stöd	
		inom koncerner) applicable to	
		the resolution of unsound or	
		failing banks, investment firms	
		or other financial institutions	
		or their Swedish affiliates	

	(otherwise than through liquidation, reorganisation or bankruptcy proceedings); "EEA Member Country" means any country which is a party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area:	
	"Resolution Authority" means the Central Bank of Ireland or any successor entity, or any other authority in an EEA Member Country with the power to exercise the Write-down and Conversion Powers; "Write-down and Conversion	
	Powers" means: (a) in relation to any EEA Member Country, any write- down, conversion, transfer, modification or suspension power existing from time to time under, and exercised in compliance with, any law or	
	regulation in effect in any EEA Member Country, relating to the transposition of Directive 2014/59/EU establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, including the Bail-In	
	Legislation and Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 and the instruments, rules and	

		standards created thereunder, pursuant to which: (i) any obligation of a bank or investment firm or affiliate of a bank or investment firm can be reduced, cancelled, modified or converted into shares, other securities or other obligations of such entity or any other person (or suspended for a temporary period); and (ii) any right in a contract governing an obligation of a bank or investment firm or affiliate of a bank or investment firm may be deemed to have been exercised.	
Specific Amendment 2.3(b)	For the purposes of any GMSLA, if the 2014 UK Tax Addendum is incorporated into the relevant GMSLA, paragraphs 5 (Manufactured Payments: Net Paying UK Securities), 6 (Manufactured Payments: REIT Shares) and 7 (Manufactured Payments: PAIF Shares) shall not apply to BBI.	PARTY A WARRANTIES In relation to Party A: (a) paragraph 5 of this Addendum shall not apply; (b) paragraph 6 of this Addendum shall not apply; and	The UK Tax Addendum to the GMSLA provides for the parties to warrant in relation to manufactured payments to be made to them in respect of certain types of UK securities whether or not they are UK resident companies. Each of BBPLC and

(c) paragraph 7 of this Addendum shall <u>not</u> apply.	BCSL will currently warrant that it is a UK resident company.
	As BBI is not a UK resident company, these provisions are amended such that BBI does not give this warranty.

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